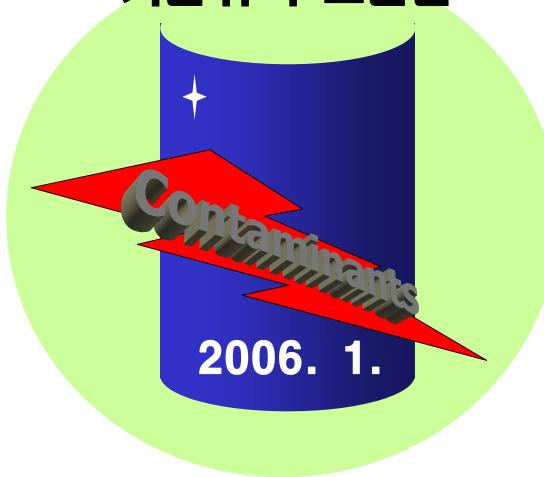
국가별 식품오염물질 기준·규격 모음집





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1. 식품오염물질 목록

식품오염물질 목록

					1일섭취	허용량	최종	
구분	번호	Contominanta		허용량	(mg/	kg)	JECFA	IADC
1 ਦ	빈오	Contaminants	minants (mg/kg bw) 성		성인	성인		IARC
					(55kg)	(60kg)	평가	
	1	납(Pb)	PTWI	0.025	0.196	0.214	1999	Group 2B
	2	카드뮴(Cd)		0.007	0.055	0.06	2003	Group 1
	3	수은(Hg)		0.005	0.039	0.043	1978	Group 3
	4	메틸수은(MeHg)		0.0016	0.013	0.014	2003	Group 2B
Heavy	5	무기비소(As)		0.015	0.118	0.129	1988	Group 1
metals	6	주석(Sn)		14	110	120	2000	
	7	알루미늄(Al)		7	55	60	1988	
	8	아연(Zn)	PMTDI	0.3-1	16.5-55	18-60	1982	
	9	구리(Cu)		0.05-0.5	2.75-27.5	3.0-30	1982	
	10	철(Fe)		0.8	44	48	1983	
	11	요오드(I)		0.017	0.935	1.02	1988	
	12	Aflatoxin B1		not established			1997	Group 1
	13	Aflatoxin M1		not established			2001	Group 2B
	14	Patulin	PMTDI	0.0004	0.022	0.024	1995	
	15	Zearalenone	PTWI	0.0005	0.0039	0.0043	1999	Group 3
Mycoto xin	16	Fumonisin B1	PMTDI	0.002	0.11	0.12	2001	Group 2B
	17	Ochratoxin A	PTWI	0.0001	0.00079	0.00086	2001	Group 2B
	18	Deoxynivalenol	PMTDI	0.001	0.055	0.06	2001	Group 3
	19	T-2, HT-2 toxin	PMTDI	0.0006	0.033	0.036	2001	Group 3

식품오염물질 목록

구분	번호	Contaminants		허용량 (mg/kg bw)		/kg) 성인 (60kg)	최종 JECFA 평가	IARC
	20	Polychlorinated biphenyls(PCBs) not established					1989	Group 2A
DOD 4	21	Polychlorinated dibenzodioxina (PCDDs)	PTMI	70pg/kg bw	128.3 pg/kg bw	140 pg/kg bw	2001	Group 3
PCBs & Dioxins	22	Polychlorinated dibenzofurans (PCDFs)	PTMI	70pg/kg bw	128.3 pg/kg bw	140 pg/kg bw	2001	Group 3
	23	Coplanar Polychlorinated biphenyls (Co-PCBs)	PTMI	70pg/kg bw	128.3 pg/kg bw	140 pg/kg bw	2001	Group 3
	27	Sodium nitrate	ADI	0-3.7	0-203.5	0-222	1995	
Nitrate	28	Potassium nitrate	ADI	0-3.7	0-203.5	0-222	1995	
	29	Sodium nitrite	ADI	0-0.06	0-3.3	0-3.6	1995	
Nitrite	30	Potassium nitrite	ADI	0-0.06	0-3.3	0-3.6	1995	

Ⅱ. 식품오염물질 기준 및 규격 사이트

	식품오염물질 기준 및 규격 사이트
한국	http://www.kfda.go.kr/cgi-bin/t4.cgi/foodikorea/food_main.taf
Codex	ftp://ftp.fao.org/codex/ccfac37/fa37_19e.pdf
미국	http://www.cfsan.fda.gov/~lrd/fdaact.html
유럽공동체	http://europa.eu.int/eur-lex/en/consleg/pdf/2001/en_2001R0466_do_001.pdf
- Ochratoxin	http://europa.eu.int/eur-lex/lex/LexUriServ/site/en/oj/2005/l_025/l_025200501 28en00030005.pdf
- PAH	http://europa.eu.int/eur-lex/lex/LexUriServ/site/en/oj/2005/l_034/l_034200502 08en00030005.pdf
일본	1. http://www.jetro.go.jp/en/market/regulations/pdf/foodadd2004apr-e.pdf 2. 食品衛生小六法 - 平成16年版, 食品衛生研究會 編集, 親日本法規
호주, 뉴질랜드	http://www.foodstandards.gov.au/_srcfiles/fsc_1_4_1_Contaminants_v78.pdf
캐나다	http://www.inspection.gc.ca/english/anima/fispoi/guide/chme.shtml
대만	http://food.doh.gov.tw/chinese/ruler/hygiene_standed_e.htm
중국	http://www.foodmate.com/standard/
브라질	http://www.cfsan.fda.gov/~frf/iuregb94.html

Ⅲ. 식품오염물질별 JECFA 평가

식품오염물질별 JECFA 평가

☐ http://jecfa.ilsi.org/search.cfm





Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives (JECFA 1956-2004) (First through Sixty-third Meetings)



 $\hat{\mathbf{A}}$ \mathbf{O} 1994, 1996, 1999, 2001, 2003, 2004, 2005 Food and Agricultural Organization of the United Nations and the World Health Organization. Published 1999 by the ILSI Press International Life Sciences Institute,
Washington DC 20036-4810



Cilsi Research on Branches on Publications on Meetings

☐ http://www.inchem.org/pages/search.html



Function Class Listings Including Keyword = contaminant

번호	SUBSTANCE	FUNCTIONAL CLASS LISTING
1	ACRYLONITRILE	CONTAMINANT
2	AFLATOXIN M1	CONTAMINANT
3	AFLATOXINS B, G, and M	CONTAMINANT
4	ALUMINIUM	CONTAMINANT
5	AMINOTRIAZOLE	CONTAMINANT
6	ARAMITE	CONTAMINANT
7	AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (CARCINOGENIC)	CONTAMINANT
8	ARSENIC	CONTAMINANT
9	ASBESTOS	CONTAMINANT
10	BENZO[a]PYRENE	CONTAMINANT
11	CADMIUM	CONTAMINANT
12	3-CHLORO-1,2-PROPANEDIOL	CONTAMINANT
13	COPPER	CONTAMINANT
14	DDT	CONTAMINANT
15	DEOXYNIVALENOL	CONTAMINANT
16	1,3-DICHLORO-2-PROPANOL	CONTAMINANT
17	ETHYLENIMINE	CONTAMINANT
18	bis(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE	CONTAMINANT
19	FUMONISINS	CONTAMINANT
20	INORGANIC TIN SALTS	CONTAMINANT
21	IODINE	CONTAMINANT
22	IRON	CONTAMINANT
23	ISOPROPYL-N-PHENYL CARBAMATE	CONTAMINANT
24	LEAD	CONTAMINANT
25	MERCURY	CONTAMINANT

26	METHYLMERCURY	CONTAMINANT
27	OCHRATOXIN A	CONTAMINANT
28	ORGANOTIN COMPOUNDS	CONTAMINANT
29	PATULIN	CONTAMINANT
30	POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS (PCBs)	CONTAMINANT
31	POLYCHLORINATED DIBENZODIOXINS (PCDDs), POLYCHLORINATED DIBENZOFURANS (PCDFs), AND COPLANAR POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS (PCBs)	CONTAMINANT
32	STYRENE	CONTAMINANT
33	T-2 and HT-2 TOXINS	CONTAMINANT
34	TIN	CONTAMINANT
35	VINYL CHLORIDE	CONTAMINANT
36	ZEARALENONE	CONTAMINANT
37	ZINC	CONTAMINANT
38	NITRATE	CONTAMINANT
39	NITRITE	CONTAMINANT

1. Acrylonitrile

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

ACRYLONITRI	u	Ŀ
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Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1984

Tolerable Intake: PROVISIONAL ACCEPTANCE

Comments: The use of food-contact materials from wh

The use of food-contact materials from which acrylonitrile may migrate is provisionally accepted on condition that the amount of the substance migrating into food is reduced to the lowest level

technologically attainable.

 Report:
 TRS 710-JECFA 28/23

 Tox monograph:
 FAS 19-JECFA 28/117

12 Nov 01



2. Aflatoxin M1

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

AFLATOXIN M1

AFLATOXINS B, G, and M

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 2001

Comments: Using worst-case assumptions, the additional risks for liver cancer

predicted with use of proposed maximum levels of aflatoxin M1 of 0.05 and 0.5 µg/kg are very small. The potency of aflatoxin M1 appears to be so low in HBsAg- individuals that a carcinogenic effect of M1 intake in those who consume large quantities of milk and milk products in comparison with non-consumers of these

products would be impossible to demonstrate.

Report: TRS 906-JECFA 56/8

Tox monograph: FAS 47/FNP 74-JECFA 56/1

28 Apr 02



3. Aflatoxin B and G

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

AFLATOXINS B, G, and M

See: AFLATOXIN M1
Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1997

Tolerable Intake: POTENCIES WERE ESTIMATED AS DESCRIBED IN THE REPORT

Comments: Intake should be reduced to levels as low as reasonably possible

 Report:
 TRS 884-JECFA 49/69

 Tox monograph:
 FAS 40-JECFA 49/359

Previous status: 1996, TRS 868-JECFA 46/45, NOT PREPARED (EVALUATION NOT

COMPLETED), CONTAM

1987, TRS 759-JECFA 31/33, NOT PREPARED. (LOWEST LEVEL

PRACTICALLY ATTAINABLE). CONTAM

12 Nov 01



4. Aluminium

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

ALUMINIUM

See: ALUMINIUM POWDER
Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1988

Tolerable Intake: PTWI 7 mg/kg bw

Comments: Group PTWI for aluminium and its salts, expressed as Al; includes

food additive uses of aluminium salts

 Report:
 TRS 776-JECFA 33/26

 Tox monograph:
 FAS 24-JECFA 33/113

Previous status: SEVERAL ALUMINIUM SALTS HAD PREVIOUSLY BEEN EVALUATED AS

FOOD ADDITIVES. VERY LIMITED USE AS A SILVERING DECORATION

(SEE ALUMINIUM POWDER)



5. Amitriazole

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

AMINOTRIAZOLE

Chemical names: 3-AMINO-1H-1,2,3-TRIAZOLE

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1960

Report: NMRS 29/TRS 220-JECFA 5/28

12 Nov 01



6. Aramite

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

ARAMITE

Chemical names: 2-(para-TERT.-BUTYLPHENOXY)ISOPROPYL-2-CHLOROETHYL

SULFITE

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1960

Report: NMRS 29/TRS 220-JECFA 5/27



7. Aromatic Hydrocarbons(Carcinogenic)

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

AROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (CARCINOGENIC)

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1960

Report: NMRS 29/TRS 220-JECFA 5/30

12 Nov 01



8. Arsenic

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

ARSENIC

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1988

 Tolerable Intake:
 PTWI 0.015 mg/kg bw

 Report:
 TRS 776-JECFA 33/27

 Tox monograph:
 FAS 24-JECFA 33/155

Previous status: 1983, TRS 696-JECFA 27/29, FAS 18-JECFA 27/176. 0.002 (PMTDI)

1967, TRS 373/NMRS 43-JECFA 10/14. 0.05 (TENTATIVE MAXIMUM

ACCEPTABLE DAILY LOAD). TE 1960, NMRS 29/TRS 220-JECFA 5/29



ASBESTOS

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1978

Tolerable Intake: NO TOLERABLE INTAKE ESTABLISHED

 Report:
 TRS 631-JECFA 22/25

 Tox monograph:
 FAS 13-JECFA 22/36

Previous status: 1971, TRS 462-JECFA 14/16. DECISION POSTPONED

12 Nov 01



10. Benzo[a]pyrene

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

BENZO[a]PYRENE

Chemical names: BENZO[a]PYRENE
Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1990

Tolerable Intake: PTWI NOT ESTABLISHED
Report: TRS 806-JECFA 37/27
Tox monograph: FAS 28-JECFA 37/301



11. Cadmium(Cd)

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

CADMIUM	
Functional class:	CONTAMINANT
Latest evaluation:	2003
Tolerable Intake:	PTWI 0.007 mg/kg bw
Comments:	The PTWI of 0.007 mg/kg bw that was established at the thirty- third meeting (1988) was maintained at the sixty-first meeting (2003).
Report:	TRS 922-JECFA 61/127
Tox monograph:	FAS 52-JECFA 61/505
Previous status:	2000, TRS 901-JECFA 55/61, FAS 46-JECFA 55/247. THE PTWI OF 0.007 mg/kg bw THAT WAS ESTABLISHED AT THE THIRTY-THIRD MEETING (1988) WAS MAINTAINED AT THE FIFTY-FIFTH MEETING. RANGES OF PREDICTED DIETARY INTAKES THAT MAY BE ASSOCIATED WITH EXCESS PREVALENCE OF RENAL TUBULAR DYSFUNCTION WERE ESTIMATED BASED ON THREE DIFFERENT SCENARIOS. 1993, TRS 837-JECFA 41/28, FAS 24-JECFA 33/163 (1988). PTWI 0.007 mg/kg bw 1988, TRS 776-JECFA 33/28, FAS 24-JECFA 33/163. PTWI 0.007 mg/kg bw 1972, TRS 505-JECFA 16/20, FAS 4-JECFA 16/51. PTWI 0.0067-0.0083 mg/kg bw

8 Jan 05

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12. 3-Chloro-1,2-Propanol

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

3-CHLO	0.10	ллол	WEDIO
3-CHECK	{U-1,Z-	PROP	WEDIOL

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 2001

Tolerable Intake: PMTDI 2 µg/kg bw

Comments: Provisional maximum tolerable daily intake

 Report:
 TRS 909-JECFA 57/114

 Tox monograph:
 FAS 48-JECFA 57/401

Previous status: 1993, TRS 837-JECFA 41/30,31, FAS 32-JECFA 41/267. LEVELS IN

HYDROLYSED VEGETABLE PROTEINS SHOULD BE REDUCED AS FAR

AS TECHNICALLY POSSIBLE

30 Jan 03

CO	PPER	
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Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1982

Tolerable Intake: PMTDI 0.05-0.5 mg/kg bw

Comments: Provisional daily dietary requirement/maximum tolerable daily intake

 Report:
 TRS 683-JECFA 26/31

 Tox monograph:
 FAS 17-JECFA 26/265

Previous status: 1970, NMRS 48/TRS 462-JECFA 14/18, FAS 70.39/NMRS 48A-JECFA

14/32. NO ADI. NO

1966, NMRS 43/TRS 373-JECFA 10/15. 0.5 (TENTATIVE MAXIMUM

ACCEPTABLE DAILY LOAD). TE

12 Nov 01



14. DDT

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

DDT

Chemical names: 1,1,1-TRICHLORO-2,2-bis(para-CHLOROPHENYL)ETHANE

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1960

Comments: In 2000 JMPR established a provisional tolerable daily intake (PTDI)

of 0.01 mg/kg bw for DDT (FAO Plant Production and Protection

Paper 163/59, Rome, 2001).

Report: NMRS 29/TRS 220-JECFA 5/28



DEOXYNIVALENOL

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 2001

Tolerable Intake: PMTDI 0.001 mg/kg bw
Report: TRS 906-JECFA 56/35

Tox monograph: FAS 47/FNP 74-JECFA 56/419

25 Apr 02



16. 1,3-Dichloro-2-Propanol

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

1,3-DICHLORO-2-PROPANOL

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 2001

Comments: Establishment of a tolerable intake was considered to be

inappropriate because of the nature of toxicity (tumorogenic in various organs in rats and the contaminant can interact with chromosomes and/or DNA). The Committee noted that the dose that caused tumours in rats (19 mg/kg bw per day) was about 20000 times the highest estimated intake of 1,3-dichloro-2-propanol

by consumers of soya sauce (1 µg/kg bw per day).

 Report:
 TRS 909-JECFA 57/118

 Tox monograph:
 FAS 48-JECFA 57/433

Previous status: 1993, TRS 837-JECFA 41/30,32, FAS 32-JECFA 41/267. LEVELS IN

HYDROLYSED VEGETABLE PROTEINS SHOULD BE REDUCED AS FAR

AS TECHNICALLY POSSIBLE

30 Jan 03

17. Ethylenimine

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

ETHYLENIMINE

See: POLYETHYLENIMINE
Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1985

Tolerable Intake: PROVISIONAL ACCEPTANCE

Comments: Acceptable on condition that the amount of ethylenimine migrating

into food is reduced to the lowest technically attainable level

Report: TRS 733-JECFA 29/20

Specifications: See FNP 34-JECFA 29/A. 7 (ANNEX II): Limit test for determination

of ethylenimine from immobilized enzyme preparations containing

poly(ethylenimine)

Tox monograph: FAS 20-JECFA 29/33

12 Nov 01



18. bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate = DEHP

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

bis(2-ETHYLHEXYL)PHTHALATE

Synonyms: DEHP

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1988

Tolerable Intake: PROVISIONAL ACCEPTANCE

Comments: The use of food-contact materials from which bis(2-ethylhexyl)

phthalate may migrate is provisionally accepted on condition that the amount of the substance migrating into food is reduced to the

lowest level technologically attainable.

 Report:
 TRS 776-JECFA 33/31

 Tox monograph:
 FAS 24-JECFA 33/221

Previous status: 1984, TRS 710-JECFA 28/24, FAS 19-JECFA 28/144. LOWEST LEVEL

TECHNOLOGICALLY ATTAINABLE (PROVISIONAL).



19. Fumonisin

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

FUMONISINS			
Functional class:	CONTAMINANT		

Latest evaluation: 2001

Tolerable Intake: PMTDI 0.002 mg/kg bw

Comments: Group PMTDI for fumonisins B1, B2 and B3, alone or in combination

 Report:
 TRS 906-JECFA 56/16

 Tox monograph:
 FAS 47/FNP 74-JECFA 56/103

25 Apr 02



20. Inorganic tin salts (34. Tin 참고)

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

INORGANIC TIN SALTS

See: TIN STANNOUS CHLORIDE

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1978

ADI: MAY BE LIMITED BY GMP

Tolerable Intake: No tolerable intake established

Report: TRS 631-JECFA 22/27

Tox monograph: NOT PREPARED

Previous status: 1975, NMRS 55/TRS 576-JECFA 19/16, NOT PREPARED. NO ADI

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TODINE			

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1988

Tolerable Intake: PMTDI 0.017 mg/kg bw

Comments: Iodine is an essential micronutrient. The nutritional requirement for

iodine (under review by WHO) is currently considered to be in the

range of 0.10 to 0.14 mg per person per day for adults (see potassium iodate) $\,$

 Report:
 TRS 776-JECFA 33/32

 Tox monograph:
 FAS 24-JECFA 33/267

12 Nov 01



22. Iron(Fe)

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

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DRON	

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1983

Tolerable Intake: PMTDI 0.8 mg/kg bw

Comments: Group PMTDI, applies to iron from all sources except for iron oxides

used as colouring agents, supplemental iron taken during pregnancy

and lactation, and supplemental iron for specific clinical

requirements

 Report:
 TRS 696-JECFA 27/29

 Tox monograph:
 FAS 18-JECFA 27/203



23. Isopropyl-N-phenyl carbamate

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

ISOPROPYL-N-PHENYL CARBAMATE

Synonyms:

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1960

Report: NMRS 29/TRS 220-JECFA 5/28

12 Nov 01



24. Lead(Pb)

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

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Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1999

Tolerable Intake:

PTWI 0.025 mg/kg bw

Comments: The provisional tolerable weekly intake (PTWI) of 0.025 mg/kg bw was maintained at the fifty-third meeting (1999). The Committee

considered the results of a quantitative risk assessment and concluded that the concentrations of lead found currently in food would have negligible effects on the neurobehavioural development of infants and children. The Committee noted, however, that examples of foods with high levels of lead remain in commerce. The simulation model that is presented in the report could be used to evaluate the effects of any proposed regulatory interventions to reduce exposure to lead. A full risk assessment of dietary intake of lead should also take into account other sources of exposure.

Report: TRS 896-JECFA 53/81 Tox monograph: FAS 44-JECFA 53/273

Previous status: 1993, TRS 837-JECFA 41/32, FAS 21-JECFA 30/223 (1986). PTWI

0.025

1986, TRS 751-JECFA 30/35, FAS 21-JECFA 30/223. PTWI 0.025 (EVALUATION OF HEALTH RISK TO INFANTS AND CHILDREN; REFERS TO LEAD FROM ALL SOURCES)

1978, TRS 631-JECFA 22/26, FAS 13-JECFA 22/38. 0.05 (PTWI FOR

MAN; NOT APPLICABLE TO INFANTS OR CHILDREN)

1972, NMRS 51/TRS 505-JECFA 16/16, FAS 4-JECFA 16/34. 0.05 (PTWI FOR MAN; DO NOT APPLY TO INFANTS AND CHILDREN) 1966, NMRS 43/TRS 373-JECFA 10/15. 0.005 (TENTATIVE MAXIMUM

ACCEPTABLE DAILY LOAD)

MERCURY

METHYLMERCURY

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1978

 Tolerable Intake:
 PTWI 0.005 mg/kg bw

 Report:
 TRS 631-JECFA 22/26

 Tox monograph:
 FAS 13-JECFA 22/43

Previous status: 1972, NMRS 51/TRS 505-JECFA 16/11, FAS 4-JECFA 16/11. PTWI

0.005; ADI: NONE

1970, NMRS 48/TRS 462-JECFA 14/18. NO ADI 1966, NMRS 43/TRS 373-JECFA 10/16

12 Nov 01



26. Methylmercury

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

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See: MERCURY

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 2003

Tolerable Intake: PTWI 0.0016 mg/kg bw

Comments: The Committee reaffirmed its position that fish is an important part

of a balanced nutritious diet and that this has to be appropriately considered in public health decisions when setting limits for

methylmercury concentrations in fish.

 Report:
 TRS 922-JECFA 61/132

 Tox monograph:
 FAS 52-JECFA 61/565

Previous status: 1999, TRS 896-JECFA 53/87, FAS 44-JECFA 53/313. THE PTWI OF

0.0033 mg/kg bw WAS MAINTAINED AT THE FIFTY-THIRD MEETING (1999). THE INFORMATION AVAILABLE WAS INSUFFICIENT TO EVALUATE NEURODEVELOPMENTAL EFFECTS ON THE CHILDREN OF MOTHERS WHO HAD A LOW INTAKE OF METHYLMERCURY. NO CLEAR

INDICATION OF CONSISTENT RISK WAS DETECTED IN THE EPIDEMIOLOGICAL STUDIES. THE COMMITTEE NOTED THAT FISH, THE MAJOR SOURCE OF METHYLMERCURY IN THE DIET, MAKES AN IMPORTANT CONTRIBUTION TO NUTRITION, ESPECIALLY IN CERTAIN REGIONAL AND ETHNIC DIETS, AND RECOMMENDED THAT ITS NUTRITIONAL BENEFITS BE WEIGHED AGAINST THE POSSIBILITY OF HARM WHEN LIMITS ON METHYLMERCURY CONCENTRATION IN FISH

OR ON FISH CONSUMPTION ARE BEING CONSIDERED.

1988, TRS 776-JECFA 33/33, FAS 24-JECFA 33/295. PTWI 0.0033.

CONTAM

1978, TRS 631-JECFA 22/26, FAS 13-JECFA 22/43. 0.0033 (PTWI;

EXPRESSED AS MERCURY)

0	CHRATOXIN A	

Chemical names: OCHRATOXIN A Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 2001

Tolerable Intake: PTWI 0.0001 mg/kg bw

Comments: Given the distribution of ochratoxin A contamination of cereals,

application of a limit of 5 or 20 µg/kg would make no significant

difference to the average intake.

Report: TRS 906-JECFA 56/27

Tox monograph: FAS 47/FNP 74-JECFA 56/281

Previous status: 1995, TRS 859-JECFA 44/35, FAS 35-JECFA 44/363. PTWI 0.0001.

CONTAM

1990, TRS 806-JECFA 37/29, FAS 28-JECFA 37/365. PTWI

0.000112. CONTAM

25 Apr 02



28. Organotin Compound

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

ORGANOTIN COMPOUNDS

See: TIN

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1978

Tolerable Intake: NO TOLERABLE INTAKE ESTABLISHED

Report: TRS 631-JECFA 22/27

Tox monograph: NOT PREPARED

PATULIN

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1995

 Tolerable Intake:
 PMTDI 0.0004 mg/kg bw

 Report:
 TRS 859-JECFA 44/36

 Tox monograph:
 FAS 35-JECFA 44/377

Previous status: 1989, TRS 789-JECFA 35/29, FAS 26-JECFA 35/143. PTWI 0.007

12 Nov 01



30. PCBs

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS (PCBs)

See: POLYCHLORINATED DIBENZODIOXINS (PCDDs), POLYCHLORINATED

DIBENZOFURANS (PCDFs), AND COPLANAR POLYCHLORINATED

BIPHENYLS (PCBs)

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1989

Tolerable Intake: PTWI NOT ESTABLISHED Report: TRS 789-JECFA 35/30

Tox monograph: NOT PREPARED (SEE ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH CRITERIA 140)

30 Jan 03



31. 다이옥신류

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

POLYCHLORINATED DIBENZODIOXINS (PCDDs), POLYCHLORINATED DIBENZOFURANS (PCDFs), AND COPLANAR POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS (PCBs)

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 2001

Tolerable Intake: PTMI 70 pg/kg bw

Comments: Provisional tolerable monthly intake

 Report:
 TRS 909-JECFA 57/121

 Tox monograph:
 FAS 48-JECFA 57/

30 Jan 03



32. Styrene

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

STYRENE
Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 1984

Tolerable Intake: PMTDI 0.04 mg/kg bw

Comments: The MTDI for styrene is provisionally acceptable on the condition

that the amount of the substance migrating into food is reduced to

the lowest level technologically attainable.

 Report:
 TRS 710-JECFA 28/24

 Tox monograph:
 FAS 19-JECFA 28/171



33. T-2 and HT-2 toxins

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

T-2 and HT-2 TOXINS

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 2001

Tolerable Intake: PMTDI 0.0006 mg/kg bw

Comments: Group PMTDI for T-2 and HT-2 toxins, alone or in combination

Report: TRS 906-JECFA 56/42

Tox monograph: FAS 47/FNP 74-JECFA 56/557

25 Apr 02



34. Tin(Sn)

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

TIN

STANNOUS CHLORIDE

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation: 2000

Tolerable Intake: PTWI 14 mg/kg bw (1988)

Comments: PTWI, expressed as Sn, includes tin from food additive uses. The

1988 PTWI was not reconsidered and was maintained at the fifty-fifth meeting (2000). The acute toxicity of tin was assessed at the fifty-fifth meeting, but data were insufficient for establishing an acute reference dose. The Committee reiterated the conclusion reached in 1988 that tin concentrations as low as 150 mg/kg in canned beverages and 250 mg/kg in other canned foods may produce acute manifestations of gastric irritation in certain

individuals

Report: TRS 901-JECFA 55/69

Tox monograph: FAS 24-JECFA 33/329 (1988)

Addendum: FAS 46-JECFA 55/307

Previous status: 1988, TRS 776-JECFA 33/34, FAS 24-JECFA 33/329. PTWI 14

(INCLUDES TIN FROM FOOD ADDITIVE USES; TIN LEVELS IN CANNED

FOOD SHOULD BE AS LOW AS PRACTICABLE BECAUSE OF

POSSIBILITY OF GASTRIC IRRITATION)

1982, TRS 683-JECFA 26/32, FAS 17-JECFA 26/297. 2 (PMTDI;

INORGANIC TIN, INCLUDING STANNOUS CHLORIDE)

1978, TRS 631-JECFA 22/27, NOT PREPARED. NO TOLERABLE INTAKE ESTABLISHED (THE PRESENCE OF INORGANIC TIN IN FOODS

MAY BE LIMITED BY GMP). NO. O.

1975, NMRS 55/TRS 576-JECFA 19/16, NOT PREPARED. NO ADI

ALLOCATED, NO

1971, NMRS 50/TRS 488-JECFA 15/19, FAS 1/NMRS 50A-JECFA

Comments: PTWI, expressed as Sn, includes tin from food additive uses. The

1988 PTWI was not reconsidered and was maintained at the fifty-fifth meeting (2000). The acute toxicity of tin was assessed at the fifty-fifth meeting, but data were insufficient for establishing an acute reference dose. The Committee reiterated the conclusion reached in 1988 that tin concentrations as low as 150 mg/kg in canned beverages and 250 mg/kg in other canned foods may produce acute manifestations of qastric irritation in certain

individuals.

Report: TRS 901-JECFA 55/69

Tox monograph: FAS 24-JECFA 33/329 (1988)

Addendum: FAS 46-JECFA 55/307

Previous status: 1988, TRS 776-JECFA 33/34, FAS 24-JECFA 33/329. PTWI 14

(INCLUDES TIN FROM FOOD ADDITIVE USES; TIN LEVELS IN CANNED

FOOD SHOULD BE AS LOW AS PRACTICABLE BECAUSE OF

POSSIBILITY OF GASTRIC IRRITATION)

1982, TRS 683-JECFA 26/32, FAS 17-JECFA 26/297. 2 (PMTDI;

INORGANIC TIN, INCLUDING STANNOUS CHLORIDE)

1978, TRS 631-JECFA 22/27, NOT PREPARED. NO TOLERABLE INTAKE ESTABLISHED (THE PRESENCE OF INORGANIC TIN IN FOODS

MAY BE LIMITED BY GMP). NO. O.

1975, NMRS 55/TRS 576-JECFA 19/16, NOT PREPARED. NO ADI

ALLOCATED, NO

1971, NMRS 50/TRS 488-JECFA 15/19, FAS 1/NMRS 50A-JECFA

15/98. NO ADI. NO

1970, NMRS 48/TRS 462-JECFA 14/20, FAS 70.39/NMRS 48A-JECFA

14/74. NO ADI. NO

1966, NMRS 43/TRS 373-JECFA 10/16

28 Apr 02



VINYL CHLORIDE	
Functional class:	CONTAMINANT
Latest evaluation:	1984
Tolerable Intake:	PROVISIONAL ACCEPTANCE
Comments:	The use of food-contact materials from which vinyl chloride may migrate is provisionally accepted, on condition that the amount of the substance migrating into food is reduced to the lowest level technologically attainable.

 Report:
 TRS 710-JECFA 28/25

 Tox monograph:
 FAS 19-JECFA 28/197

12 Nov 01



36. Zearalenone

Tox monograph:

Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

ZEARALENONE	
Functional class:	CONTAMINANT
Latest evaluation:	1999
Tolerable Intake:	PTWI 0.0005 mg/kg bw
Report:	TRS 896-JECFA 53/93

FAS 44-JECFA 53/393



ZINC

Functional class: CONTAMINANT

Latest evaluation:

Tolerable Intake: 0.3-1 mg/kg bw

Comments: Provisional daily dietary requirement/maximum tolerable daily intake

TRS 683-JECFA 26/32 Tox monograph: FAS 17-JECFA 26/320

Previous status: 1966, NMRS 43/TRS 373-JECFA 10/17

12 Nov 01



38. Nitrate



Summary of Evaluations Performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives

NITRATE

POTASSIUM NITRATE SODIUM NITRATE

Functional class: ANTIMICROBIAL PRESERVATIVE; COLOUR FIXATIVE

Latest evaluation: 2002

ADI: 0-3.7 mg/kg bw (1995)

Comments: The Committee retained the ADI of 0-3.7 mg/kg bw, expressed as

nitrate ion (or 0-5 mg/kg bw expressed as sodium nitrate),

established at its forty-fourth meeting (1995).

Report: TRS 913-JECFA 59/26

Specifications: See POTASSIUM NITRATE AND/OR SODIUM NITRATE

Tox monograph: FAS 50-JECFA 59/75

Previous status: 1995, TRS 859-JECFA 44/29,32, FAS 35-JECFA 44/325. 0-3.7 mg/kg

bw (EXPRESSED AS NITRITE ION; ADI DOES NOT APPLY TO

INFANTS BELOW THE AGE OF 3 MONTHS). FU See: "POTASSIUM NITRATE" and/or "SODIUM NITRATE"

9 Mar 03

See Also:

Toxicological Abbreviations Nitrate (JECFA Food Additives Series 50) Nitrate (WHO Food Additives Series 35)



NITRITE

See: POTASSIUM NITRITE SODIUM NITRITE

Functional class: ANTIMICROBIAL PRESERVATIVE; COLOUR FIXATIVE

Latest evaluation: 2002

ADI: 0-0.07 mg/kg bw Comments: Expressed as nitrite ion

Comments / MRLs: EXPRESSED AS NITRITE ION; ADI DOES NOT APPLY TO INFANTS

BELOW THE AGE OF 3 MONTHS

Report: TRS 913-JECFA 59/20

Specifications: See POTASSIUM NITRITE AND/OR SODIUM NITRITE

Tox monograph: FAS 50-JECFA 59/49

Previous status: 1995, TRS 859-JECFA 44/29,31, FAS 35-JECFA 44/269. 0-0.06

mg/kg bw (EXPRESSED AS NITRITE ION; ADI APPLIES TO ALL SOURCES OF INTAKE BUT NOT TO INFANTS BELOW THE AGE OF 3

MONTHS). FU

See: "POTASSIUM NITRITE" and/or "SODIUM NITRITE"

9 Mar 03

See Also:

Toxicological Abbreviations Nitrite (JECFA Food Additives Series 50) Nitrite (WHO Food Additives Series 35)

Ⅳ. 국가별 기준 및 규격 현황

※ 주의사항

- 이 자료는 참고자료일 뿐 다음과 같이 주의사항을 지켜주시기 바랍니다.
- 1. 국가별 기준 및 규격 활용 시 반드시 원본을 확인하시기 바랍니다.
- 2. 국가별로 기준 및 규격은 제·개정 될 수 있으므로 해당 국가 사이트를 반드시 확인하시기 바랍니다.

국가별 기준 및 규격 현황

1. 한국

출처 : 식품공전

			물지 · 작품증선
오염물질		목 록	기준(mg/kg)
		식용유지 가공품, 당류 가공품	10 이하
	중금속	두부류, 묵류	3.0 이하
	ठ 🏻 न	분말음료	5.0 이하
		캅셀류	50 이하
		해산 어패류(연체류 포함, 생물로 기준 할때), 담수어(생물로 기준할때), 냉동 식용대구머리	2.0 이하
		통조림	0.3 이하(다만, 수산 통병조림은 2.0 이하)
		백설탕, 분말설탕, 포도당, 과당	0.5 이하
		갈색설탕, 흑설탕, 엿류, 덱스트린, 당 시럽류, 올리고당류	1.0 이하
	납(Pb)	침출차	5.0 이하
		분말차	2.0 이하
중금속		추출차, 과실차, 커피	2.0 이하
		과실,채소류 음료, 탄산음료류, 기타음 료	0.3 이하
		기타 영,유아식	0.1 이하(액상 쥬스제품에 한함)
		인삼음료	0.3 이하
		제재,가공,정제 소금	2.0 이하
	카드뮴(Cd)	패류(생물로 기준할때)	2.0 이하
		<u></u> 쌀	0.2 이하(현미제외)
		과실,채소류 음료, 탄산음료류, 기타음 료	0.1 이하
		제재,가공,정제 소금	0.5 이하
	총수은	해산 어패류(연체류 포함, 생물로 기준 할때), 담수어(생물로 기준할때), 냉동 식용대구머리	0.5 이하(심해성 어,패류및 참치 류 제외)
	수은	제재,가공,정제 소금	0.1 이하

오염	물질	목 록	기준(ug/kg)
		통조림	150 이하(다만, 산성 통조림은 200이하)
	주석	추출차, 과실차, 커피	150 이하(액상캔제품에 한함)
중금속		과실,채소류 음료, 탄산음료류, 기타음	150 이하(탄산음료류, 기타음료:
		료	캔제품에 한함)
	비소	캅셀류	1.5 이하
	미소	제재,가공,정제 소금	0.5 이하
	Aflatoxin	곡류, 두류, 견과류 및 그 단순가공식 품(분쇄, 절단 등)	10
	B1	메주, 땅콩 및 견과류가공품	10
Mycotoxin		기타 식품류(찐쌀)	10
	Aflatoxin M1	제조, 가공 직전의 원유 및 우유류	0.5
	Patulin	사과쥬스, 사과주스 농축액(원료용 포 함, 농축배수로 환산하여)	50
패류독소	마비성패류 독소	패류 및 그가공품	80ug/100g이하

국제식품규격(CODEX)

출처 : ftp://ftp.fao.org/codex/ccfac37/fa37_19e.pdf

오염旨	물질	목 록	기준(mg/kg)	type	step
		과일주스	0.2	ML	Adopted
		과일과즙	0.2	ML	Adopted
		토마토주스	0.2	ML	Adopted
		식용 지방 및 오일	0.1	ML	Adopted
		Fat spread and blended spread	0.1	ML	6
	비소	Margarine	0.1	ML	Adopted
	(As)	Minarine	0.1	ML	Adopted
		Named animal fats	0.1	ML	Adopted
		Named vegetable oils	0.1	ML	Adopted
		올리브오일및 올리브 포마스 오일	0.1	ML	Adopted
		자연광천수	0.01	ML	Adopted
		Salt, food grade	0.5	ML	Adopted
		Brassica vegetables	0.05	ML	Adopted
		구근류(Bulb vegetables)	0.05	ML	Adopted
중금속		과채류(박류)	0.05	ML	Adopted
0 Д ¬		과채류(박류 이외의 것, 토마토제 외)	0.05	ML	Adopted
		연채류	0.2	ML	Adopted
		콩류채소	0.1	ML	Adopted
		감자	0.1	ML	Adopted
	카드뮴	두류(대두제외)	0.1	ML	Adopted
	(Cd)	근류 및 괴경류	0.1	ML	Adopted
	(84)	줄기채소류	0.1	ML	Adopted
		Cereal grains, except buckwheat, canihua and quinoa	0.1	ML	Adopted
		쌀(Polished)	0.4	ML	5
		밀알	0.2	ML	Adopted
		기타 채소류(버섯류 및 토마토 제외)	1.0	ML	Adopted
		연체동물	1	ML	5
		자연광천수	0.003(mg/l)	ML	Adopted
		Salt, food grade	0.5(mg/l)	ML	Adopted

오염들	물질	목 록	기준(mg/kg)	type	step
		다양한 열대성과일 (식용가능한 껍질)	0.1	ML	Adopted
		다양한 열대성과일 (식용불가능한 껍질)	0.1	ML	Adopted
		장과류	0.2	ML	Adopted
		밀감류	0.1	ML	Adopted
		사과류	0.1	ML	Adopted
		핵과류	0.1	ML	Adopted
		Brassica vegetables	0.3	ML	Adopted
		구근류	0.1	ML	Adopted
		과일채소류(박과)	0.1	ML	Adopted
		과일채소류(박과 이외의 것)	0.1	ML	Adopted
		<u></u> 잎줄기채소	0.3	ML	Adopted
		콩류채소	0.2	ML	Adopted
		콩류	0.2	ML	Adopted
		근채 및 괴경류	0.1	ML	Adopted
	납(Pb)	잼,젤리	1	ML	Adopted
		망고 chuntney	1	ML	Adopted
		table olive	1	ML	Adopted
중금속		가공한 토마토 농축액	1.5	ML	Adopted
		과일주스(오렌지주스,포도주스,사괴	0.3	ML	Adopted
		주스,자몽주스, 파인애플주스)	0.05	N AT	A 1 4 1
		과일주스	0.05	ML	Adopted
		과일과즙	0.3	ML	Adopted
		레몬쥬스	1	ML	Adopted
		토마토주스	0.3	ML	Adopted
		Cereal grains, except buckwheat, canihua and quinoa	0.2	ML	Adopted
		저민 고기 소금절이	0.5	ML	Adopted
		햄 소금절이	0.5	ML	Adopted
		돼지 어깨살 소금절이	0.5	ML	Adopted
		런천미트	0.5	ML	Adopted
		소,돼지,양 고기	0.1	ML	Adopted
		가금류	0.1	ML	Adopted
		소,돼지,양(식용가능한 내장)	0.5	ML	Adopted
		가금류(식용가능한 내장)	0.5	ML	Adopted
		Diadromous fish(민물 및 바닷물 모두 회유하는 어류)	0.2	ML	7

오염	물질	목록	기준(mg/kg)	type	step
		Freshwater fish(담수어)	0.2	ML	7
		marine fish	0.2	ML	7
		지방 및 오일(식용가능한 것)	0.1	ML	Adopted
		fat spread and blended spread	0.1	ML	6
		마가린	0.1	ML	Adopted
		Named animal fats	0.1	ML	Adopted
		Named vegetable oils	0.1	ML	Adopted
		올리브오일및 올리브 포마스 오일	0.1	ML	Adopted
	17(DF)	소, 돼지, 양의 지방	0.1	ML	Adopted
	납(Pb)	가금류 지방	0.1	ML	Adopted
		식물유(코코아버터 제외)	0.1	ML	Adopted
		식물유(코코아버터 제외)	0.1	ML	Adopted
		소, 염소, 양의 젖	0.02	ML	Adopted
		2차 우유제품	0.02	ML	Adopted
	수은(Hg)	자연광천수	0.01(mg/l)	ML	Adopted
		유아용 조유	0.02	ML	Adopted
		소금	2	ML	Adopted
중금속		와인	0.2	ML	Adopted
ठन्द		자연광천수	0.001(mg/l)	ML	Adopted
		소금(food grade)	0.1	ML	Adopted
		어류	0.5	GL	Adopted
		육식어류(other)	1	GL	Adopted
	Methyl	창꼬치	1	GL	Adopted
	mercury	상어	1	GL	Adopted
		황새치	1	GL	Adopted
		참치	1	GL	Adopted
		캔(프루츠칵테일)	250	ML	Adopted
		캔(자몽)	250	ML	Adopted
		캔(만다린귤)	250	ML	Adopted
		캔(망고)	250	ML	Adopted
	주석(Sn)	캔(파인애플)	250	ML	Adopted
		캔(나무딸기)	250	ML	Adopted
		캔(딸기)	250	ML	Adopted
		캔(식용샐러드)	250	ML	Adopted
		잼과 젤리(과일)	250	ML	Adopted

망고 처트니 250 MLAdopted 캔(아스파라거스) 250 ML Adopted 캔(당근) 250 ML Adopted 캔(green and wax beans) 250 ML Adopted 캔(청완두) 250 ML Adopted 캔(숙성 가공한 완두) 250 MLAdopted 캔(버섯) 250 ML Adopted 캔(palmito) 250 ML Adopted 캔(서양배) 250 ML Adopted 캔(사탕옥수수) 250 ML Adopted 캔(토마토) ML 250 Adopted 오이피클 250 ML Adopted 가공한 토마토 농축액 250 ML Adopted 사과, 포도, 건포도, 작은 과일 주스 ML150 Adopted 살구, 복숭아, 서양배 과즙 250 MLAdopted 캔 음료 200 ML 4 농축 파인애플 주스 250 MLAdopted 과일주스 200 MLAdopted 중금속 주석(Sn) 과일과즙 ML 200 Adopted 자몽주스 250 ML Adopted 구아바 과즙 250 ML Adopted Adopted 레몬주스 250 ML 액체과육 망고제품 250 MLAdopted 혼합과일주스 200 MLAdopted 혼합과일과즙 200 MLAdopted 밀감류를 포함하는 과즙 250 ML Adopted 과육이 아닌 건포도 과즙 150 ML Adopted 오렌지 주스 250 ML Adopted 파인애플주스 250 ML Adopted 작은 과일을 포함하는 과육 과즙 150 MLAdopted 토마토주스 250 ML Adopted 캔(밤 및 밤 퓨레) 250 ML Adopted 저민 고기 소금절이(tin plate 200 ML Adopted containers) 저민 고기 소금절이 50 ML Adopted

오염물질		목	록	기준(mg/kg)	type	step
		햄 소금	절이	50	ML	Adopted
		햄 소금절이(tin pl	ate containers)	200	ML	Adopted
		돼지 어깨살		50	ML	Adopted
		돼지 어깨살 소금 contain		200	ML	Adopted
スコム	Z)1(C)	쇠고기 소	금절이	50	ML	Adopted
중금속	주석(Sn)	쇠고기 소금절 contain	•	200	ML	Adopted
		런천미	트	50	ML	Adopted
		런천미트(tin plat	e containers)	200	ML	Adopted
		Canned foods	other than	250		4
		bevera	age	250		4
오염들	물질	목	록	기준(ug/kg)	type	step
	Aflatoxin	아몬.	<u>=</u>	15	ML	3
	(B1+B2	헤이질	<u>!</u> 녓	15	ML	3
	+ G1+ G	피스타	치오	15	ML	3
	2)	땅콩(가공하	지않은것)	15	ML	Adopted
Mycotoxin	M1	<u> </u>	-	0.5	ML	Adopted
		보己		5	ML	6
	Ochrato	호밀]	5	ML	6
	xin A	밀		5	ML	6
	Patulin	사과주	스	50	ML	Adopted
Acrylon (monor		식품	-	0.02mg/kg	GL	Adopted
Vinyl ch monor		식품	-	0.01mg/kg	GL	Adopted

미국

가. Action level

출처 : http://www.cfsan.fda.gov/~lrd/fdaact.html

오	염물질	목록	기준
	메틸수은	어류, 패류, 갑각류, 다른 수생동물	1 ppm
중금속	(Methylmercury)	(fresh, 냉동, 가공품)	l ppm
	수은(Hg)	밀	1 ppm

나. Guidance level

출처 : http://www.cfsan.fda.gov/~acrobat/haccp4x5.pdf

오염물질		목록	기준
	납(Pb)	갑각류	1.5 ppm
	月(LD)	굴, 홍합, 대합, 조개	1.7 ppm
	카드뮴(Cd)	갑각류	3.0 ppm
	/1— # (Cd)	굴, 홍합, 대합, 조개	4.0 ppm
중금속	니켈(Ni)	갑각류	70 ppm
007	-) · <u>E(1</u> (1)	굴, 홍합, 대합, 조개	80 ppm
	크롬(Cr)	갑각류	12 ppm
	H (C1)	굴, 홍합, 대합, 조개	13 ppm
	비소(As)	갑각류	76 ppm
	714(113)	굴, 홍합, 대합, 조개	86 ppm
	기억상실성 패독	식용게의 내장	30 ppm
패류독	(ASP)	그 외 수산물	20 ppm
	신경성 패독(NSP)	굴, 홍합, 대합, 조개(신선, 냉동, 통조림)	0.8 ppm
		동물사료	단위 : mg/kg
		1. 말과 토끼에서 총정량	1
		2. 돼지	10
		3. 소, 양, 염소(3개월 이상)	30
Mycotoxin	Fumonosin	4. 반추동물(소,양 등) 및 가금류 육종용	15
		5. 도살용 가금류	50
		식품	단위 : mg/kg
		1. 배아를 제거한 건조가루 옥수수제품들	2
		2. 건조가루 옥수수 겨	4

		3. Masa용 정제된 옥수수	4
		4. 팝콘용 정제된 옥수수	3
		최종 밀 제품들	1 mg/kg
		곡류 및 곡류제품 들[반추동물과 4개월 이	
		상 도살전 소와 닭 (소나 닭 총식이의	10 mg/kg
	Deoxynivalenol	50% 초과하지 않음)]	
		곡류와 곡류제품들(식이 40%를 초과하지	5 mg/kg
		않음)	O mg/kg
		곡류와 곡류 제품들을 소화한 양	5 mg/kg
		(식이의 20%를 초과하지 않음)	o mg/kg
PCBs		어류	2.0 ppm

4. 유럽공동체(2004.5.5현재)

출처 : http://europa.eu.int/eur-lex/en/consleg/pdf/2001/en_2001R0466_do_001.pdf

1. Ochratoxin A 2005.1.26.-

출처-http://europa.eu.int/eur-lex/lex/LexUriServ/site/en/oj/2005/l_025/l_02520050128en 00030005.pdf

2. PAH 2005.2.4.

출처-http://europa.eu.int/eur-lex/lex/LexUriServ/site/en/oj/2005/l_034/l_03420050208en 00030005.pdf

오염	병물질	목 록	기준(mg/kg)
		우유(raw milk, milk for the manufacture of milk-based products and heat-treated milk)	0.02
		유아용 조제식	0.02
		소, 양, 돼지, 가금류 고기(내장제외)	0.1
マコム		소, 양, 돼지, 가금류의 식용가능 내장	0.5
중금속		어류(가랑어, 돔, 장어, 숭어, 고등어, 정어리,농어, 다 랑어, 넙치제외) 가랑어, 돔, 장어, 숭어, 고등어, 정어리,	0.2
		가랑어, 돔, 장어, 숭어, 고등어, 정어리, 농어, 다랑어, 넙치	0.4
		갑각류(Brown meat를 가진 게 제외)	0.5
		이매패류(쌍각 조개류)	1.5
	납(Pb)	연체류(내장제외)	1.0
		시리얼(메밀가루포함), 콩류	0.2
		채소, (brassica, leafy vegetables, fresh herbs and all fungi 제외) (감자의 maximum level은 peeled potatoes적용)	0.1
		Brassica, leafy vegetables and all cultivated funngi	0.3
		과일(베리류 및 작은 과일 제외)	0.1
		베리류 및 작은 과일	0.2
		Fat, oil(Milk fat 포함)	0.1
		과일주스, 농축과일주스, 과일넥타	0.05
		와인	0.2
		소, 양, 돼지 고기(내장제외)	0.05
		말	0.2
	카드뮴(Cd)	소, 양, 돼지 간	0.5
	/1-16 (Cd)	소, 양, 돼지 신장	1.0
		어류(가랑어, 돔, 장어, 숭어, 고등어, 정어리, 농어, 다랑어, 넙치 제외)	0.05

오염	물질	목 록	기준(mg/kg)
		가랑어, 돔, 장어, 숭어, 고등어, 정어리,농어, 다랑어, 넙치	0.1
		갑각류(Brown meat를 가진 게, thorax meat 가진 바다가재 및 유사갑각류 제외)	0.5
		이매패류(쌍각조개류)	1.0
		연체류(내장제외)	1.0
		곡류(밀기울, 싹눈, 밀낟알, 쌀 제외)	0.1
	카드뮴(Cd)		
		밀기울, 싹눈, 밀낟알, 쌀	0.2
		대두	0.2
		야채, 과일류	0.05
		엽채류, 허브(생물), celeriac and all cultivated fungi	0.2
		채소줄기, 뿌리, 감자(celeriac 제외)	0.1
	주석(Sn)	캔 식품, 음료	200
		캔 음료, 과일쥬스, 채소쥬스	100
중금속		영유아의 캔 식품(건조, 분말 제품 제외)	50
		캔 유아용 식품과 곡물을 기본으로 가공한 영유아 식품	50
		캔 유아 조제식, 유아용 우유와 우유	50
		어린이를 위한 의료용 영양캔	50
		어류제품(Anglerfish, atlantic catfish, bass, blue ling, bonito, eel, grenadier, halibut, marlin, pike, plain bonito, portuguese dogfish, rays, redfish, sail fish, scabbard fish, 상어 (모든종), snake mackerel or butterfish, sturgeon, swordfish, tuna)제외)	0.5
	수은(Hg)	아귀 (Lophius species), 메기 (Anarhichas lupus), Bass (Dicentrarchus labrax), Blue ling (Molva dipterygia), 가다랑어 (Sarda sarda), 장어I (Anguilla species), Emperor or orange roughy (Hoplostnthus atlanticus), 대구 (Coryphaenoides rupestris), 넘치 (Hippohlossus hippohlossus), 청새치(Makaira species), 창꼬치(sox lucius), Plain bonito (Orcynopsis	1.0

		unicolor), Protuguese dogfish (Centroscymnes coelolepis), 가오리 (Raja species), redfish (Sebastes marinus, S. mentella, S. viviparus), 돛새치 (Istiophorus platypterus), 갈치 (Lepidopus caudatus, Aphanopus carbo), 상어 (all species), 고등어,미꾸라지 (Lepidocybium flavobrummeum, Ruvettus pretiousus, Gempylus serpens), 철갑상어 (Xiphias gladius), 황새치 Tuna (Thunnus species and Euthynnus species)	
오염	물질	목 록	기준(ug/kg)
		땅콩, 견과류, 건조과일류 및 그 단순가공품	2.0
		선별 또는 물리적 처리한 땅콩	8.0
		선별 또는 물리적 처리한 견과류, 건조 과일류	5.0
	Aflatoxin	곡류(메밀가루포함)및 그 단순 가공품	2.0
	B1	곡류(메밀가루포함) 및 선별 또는 물리적 처리한 옥 수수제외	2.0
		선별 또는 물리적 처리한 옥수수	5.0
		고추 속(건조된 열매, 칠레고추, 칠레고추분말, 고추 와 파프리카), 후추 속(흑, 백후추 포함), 육두구, 생 강, 강황	5.0
		땅콩, 견과류, 건조과일류 및 그 단순가공품	4.0
Mycotoxin		선별 또는 물리적 처리한 땅콩	15.0
Mycotoxiii		선별 또는 물리적 처리한 견과류, 건조 과일류	10.0
	Aflatoxin	곡류(메밀가루포함)및 그 단순 가공품	4.0
	(B1+B2+ G1+G2)	곡류(메밀가루포함) 및 선별 또는 물리적 처리한 옥 수수제외	4.0
		선별 또는 물리적 처리한 옥수수	10.0
		고추 속(건조된 열매, 칠레고추, 칠레고추분말, 고추와 파프리카), 후추 속(흑, 백후추 포함), 육두구, 생강, 강황	10.0
	M1	우유(생우유, 우유를 기본으로 제조한 milk and heat-treated milk	0.05
	O days	고근(싸근 미 레미코치)	F 0
	Ochratoxin A	곡류(쌀류 및 메밀포함) 모든 식품의 씨리얼(Derived)	3.0
	_	건조된 포도과일(currants, raisins and sultanas)	10.0

오염	물질	목 록	기준(ug/kg)
		볶은 커피빈	5.0
		액상 커피(인스턴트 커피)	10.0
		와인/기타 와인, 포도를 사용한 음료 , 포도쥬스와 포도쥬스가 원료인 음료	2.0
	Ochratoxin	포도주스, 포도과즙과 농축 포도주스 함유 음료	2.0
	A	포도액	2.0
		어린이용 식품과 곡류로 가공한 영유아식	0.50
Mycotoxin		어린이를 위한 의료용 식이	0.50
		Green , 볶은 커피 및 그 가공품, 와인, 맥주, 포도 주스, 코코아 및 그 가공품	-
		과일주스와 과일넥타, 주요사과주스 그리고 과일주 스의 성분, 농축된 과일주스	50.0
	Patulin	Spirit drink, 사이다, 발효된 음료	50.0
	ratum	고체사과식품은 담장사과, 사과퓨레	25.0
		사과주스, 고체사과주스식품은 담장사과, 사과퓨레를 유아나 어린아이를 위해서 소비	10.0

오염물		 목 록	Maximum level
질		¬ ¬	(mg NO _{3/kg)}
	신선한 시금	Harvested 1 November to 31 March	3.000
	치(Spinacia	Harvested 1 April to 31 October	2.500
	oleracea)	That vested 1 April to 01 October	2.000
	,	저장된, deep-frozen or frozen 시금치	2.000
		Harvested 1 October to 31 March:	4.500
	신선한상추 -	- lettuce grown under cover	4.000
	(Lactuca sativa L.)(protect ed and open-grow	- grown in the open air	
질산염		Harvested 1 April to 30 September:	
· ·		- lettuce grown under cover	3.500
(1 viti ates)		- lettuce grown in the open air	2.500
	n lettuce)	Harvested 1 April to 30 September:- lettuce	3.500
		grown under cover	2.500
		- lettuce grown in the open air	2.300
	Iceberg	Lettuce grown under cover	
	type	Lettuce grown in the open air	2.500
	lettuces	Dettuce grown in the open all	2.000

오염물질	목 록	기준(mg/kg)
	Meat and Meat products originating from:- ruminats(brovin animals, sheep)	3 pg WHO-PCDD/f -TEQ/g fat
	Meat and Meat products originating from:- poultry and farmals game	2 pg WHO-PCDD/f -TEQ/g fat
	Meat and Meat products originating from:- pigs	1 pg WHO-PCDD/f -TEQ/g fat
	Liver and derived products	6 pg WHO-PCDD/f -TEQ/g fat
	Muscle meat of fish and fishery products and products thereof	4 pg WHO-PCDD/f -TEQ/g fresh weight
	Milk and milk products, including butter fat	3 pg WHO-PCDD/f -TEQ/g fat
Dioxin	Hen eggs and egg products	3 pg WHO-PCDD/f -TEQ/g fat
	Oils and fats: Animal fat from: - ruminants	3 pg WHO-PCDD/f -TEQ/g fat
	Oils and fats: Animal fat from: - poultry and farmed game	2 pg WHO-PCDD/f -TEQ/g fat
	Oils and fats: Animal fat from: - pigs	1 pg WHO-PCDD/f -TEQ/g fat
	Oils and fats: Animal fat from: - mixed animal fat	2 pg WHO-PCDD/f -TEQ/g fat
	Vegetable oil	0.75 pg WHO-PCDD/f -TEQ/g fat
	Fish oil intended for human consumption	2 pg WHO-PCDD/f -TEQ/g fat

5. 일본

Provisional regulatory limitations of contamunants in food-2004 출처: http://www.jetro.go.jp/en/market/regulations/pdf/foodadd2004apr-e.pdf

오염물질		목 록	기준(Maximum
	2	÷ ÷	allowable levels)
		해양과 공해의 어류와 갑각류(가식부)	0.5 ppm
		육수(陸水)를 포함한 연안과 만의 어류와 갑	3.0 ppm
		각류(가식부)	
		우유(in whole cow's milk)	0.1 ppm
다이옥신 &	PCBs	유제품(in whole products)	1.0 ppm
PCBs		분유(in whole milk)	0.2 ppm
		육류(in whole meat)	0.5 ppm
		계란(in whole egg)	0.2 ppm
		Container-package	5.0 ppm
		총수은	0.4 ppm
	수은(어류 와 갑각류)	메틸수은(수은으로써)	0.3 ppm
중금속		참치류(참치, 황새치, 줄새치), 하천산	어류 및 갑각류
		(호수, 습지제외), 심해성어류 및 갑각류(볼릭	, Beryx splendens,
		Gindara, Benizuwaigani, Etchubaigai, 상여	거)는 적용하지 않음
	Aflatoxin B1	땅콩, 땅콩 가공품(피넛버터, 땅콩가루등)	
		피스타치오, 아몬드, 브라질넛	10 ppb
		Cashew nut, 헤이즐넛, Macadamia nut, 호	10 ppb
Mycotoxin		두,옥수수	
	Deoxyniva	밀	1.1 ppm
	lenol	_	
	Patulin	사과쥬스, 사과쥬스를 재료로 만든 식품	0.050 ppm
	마비성패류	모든패류(가식부)	4 MU/g
Shellifish	독(PSP) 설사성패류		-
toxic ants(패	독(DSP)	모든패류(가식부)	0.05 MU/g
류독)	-7 (DOI)	1MU는 20g의 mouse를 15분 만에 사망시	키는 독력으로 규정

※ 식품위생소육법-1999

오염물질		목 록	기준(mg/kg)
	카드뮴(Cd)	쌀(현미를 말한다)	1.0
		복숭아	1.0
		여름밀감	1.0
		여름밀감의 외과피	5.0
		일본배	5.0
		사과	5.0
	납(Pb)	딸기	1.0
		포도	1.0
중금속		감자	1.0
		오이	1.0
		토마토	1.0
		시금치	5.0
		복숭아	1.0
		여름밀감	1.0
	AS ₂₀₃	여름밀감의 외과피	3.5
		일본배	3.5
		사과	3.5

6. 호주·뉴질랜드청

출처 : http://www.foodstandards.gov.au/_srcfiles/fsc_1_4_1_Contaminants_v78.pdf

오염물질		목 록	기준(mg/kg)
	총비소(As)	곡류	1
		갑각류	2
	무기비소(As)	어류	2
	十八甲至(AS)	연체류	1
		해조류(식용가능한 해초)	1
		초콜릿과 코코아 가공품	0.5
		소,양,돼지 신장	2.5
		엽채류	0.1
		소,양,돼지 간	1.25
	카드뮴(Cd)	소,양, 돼지 고기(내장제외)	0.05
	が二音(Cd)	연체류(굴, 가리비 제외)	2
		땅콩	0.1
		쌀	0.1
		근채류,괴경식물	0.1
		밀가루	0.1
	납(Pb)	brassicas	0.3
중금속		곡류, Pulse and legums	0.2
		소,양,돼지,가금류의 내장	0.5
		어류	0.5
		과일	0.1
		유아조제식	0.02
		소,양,돼지,가금류의 고기(내장제외)	0.1
		연체류	2
		채소류(brassicas제외)	0.1
		패류	0.5
	수은(Hg)	어류, 어류제품 (gemfish,billfish(marlin 포함), southern bluefin tuna, barramundi, ling, orange roughy, rays, all species of shark 제외)	0.5
		Gemfish,billfish(marlin포함), southern bluefin tuna, barramundi, ling, orange roughy, rays, all species of shark	1
		연체동물, (게, 새우 등) 갑각류	0.5
	주석(Sn)	모든 캔식품	250

오염	역물질	목 록	기준(mg/kg)
Acrylonitrile	Acrylonitrile	모든식품	0.02
	Aflatoxin	땅콩	0.015
3.6	Allatoxili	견과류	0.015
Mycotoxin	Phomopsin	루피너스 씨와 그 가공품	0.005
	Ergot	곡류	500
	기억상실성패류독	이매패류	20
패류독	신경성패류독	이매패류	200 MU/kg
	마비성패류독	이매패류	0.8
		포유동물 지방	0.2
다이옥신 &	Polychlororinated	가금류 지방	0.2
PCBs	biphenyls (Tatal DCDs)	우유및 유제품	0.2
	(Total PCBs)	계란	0.2
		어류	0.5
Vinyl chloride	Vinyl chloride	모든 식품	0.01

7. 캐나다

출처 : http://www.inspection.gc.ca/english/anima/fispoi/guide/chme.shtml

오염물질		목 록	기준
•		·	(Action level)
	수은(Hg)	모든어류(황새치, 상어, fresh/frozen 참 치 제외)	0.5 ppm
중금속	비소(As)	어류 단백 농축	3.5 ppm
	납(Pb)	어류 단백 농축	0.5 ppm
	불소(F)	어류 단백 농축	150 ppm
Dioxin	2,3,7,8 TCDD(Dioxin)	모든 어류 가공품	20 ppt
PCBs	PCB	모든 어류 가공품	2.0 ppm
	Other agricultural		
기타	chemicals	모든 어류 가공품	0.1 ppm
	or their derivatives		
		Enzyme ripened products (멸치, 멸치 페이스트,어류소스)	20 mg/100g
	Histamine	All other scombroid fish products	
Toxins(패	1110001111110	(canned of fresh or frozen tuna,	10 mg/100g
류독 포함)		mackerel,mahi-mahi)	
	PSP(마비성패독)	조개류	80 ug/100g
	ASP(기억상실성패 독)	조개류	20 ug/g
	DSP(설사성패독)	조개류	1 ug/g
		연질밀	2 ppm
	Deoxynivalenol	소 사료	5 ppm
Mycotoxin	Deoxymvalenor	돼지와 어린 가축 및 수유 낙농동물의 식이	1 ppm
	III O .	소 사료	0.1ppm
	HT-2 toxin	낙농동물의 사료	0.025 ppm
	Aflatoxins(B1+B2+	땅콩제품	15 ppb
	G1+G2)	동물사료	20 ppb

8. 대만

대만 - 식품기준청

http://food.doh.gov.tw/chinese/ruler/hygiene_standed_e.htm

오염물질		목 록	기준
조염	五色	= =	(Maximum level)
		해조류	20ppm 이하(납으로서)
		껌, 풍선껌	0.004% 이하(Pb으로서)
	중금속	아카시아 (식품원료로서, gum arabic)	0.004%이하(Pb으로서)
		식용가능천연색소(순도시험)	40ppm 이하(Pb으로서)
		세척제(식품용)	1ppm 이하
		알 및 알제품(Egg and Egg Products)	0.3ppm 이하
		캔제품화된 식품들(캔 음료는 제외)	1.5ppm 이하
		식용가능 oil과 fat	0.1ppm 이하
		Ice 제품들	0.05ppm 이하
		껌, 풍선껌	3ppm 이하
		아카시아 (식품원료로서, gum arabic)	10ppm 이하
	납(Pb)	쌀	0.2ppm
		뿌리채소류들	0.3ppm(wet weight
중금속		식용가능한 식육 부산물	basis) 0.5ppm(wet weight
		(소, 양, 돼지, 가금류)	basis)
		식용가능천연색소(순도시험)	10ppm 이하
		병과 포장된 음료수(drink water)	0.05ppm
		Beverage(커피, Tea, cocoa) -천연및 농축과일쥬스 및 야채쥬스들은 제외	0.3ppm
		식염(화학공정으로부터 파생된 염은 제외)	2ppm
		식용가능 oil과 fat	0.05ppm 이하
		Ice 제품들	0.001ppm 이하
	카드뮴(Cd)	쌀	0.5ppm
		병과 포장된 음료수(drink water)	0.005ppm
		식염(화학공정으로부터 파생된 염은 제외)	0.2ppm

000		P =	기준
오염물질		목 록	(Maximum level)
		Ice 제품들	0.001ppm 이하
		쌀	0.05ppm
	수은(Hg)	병과 포장된 음료수(drink water)	0.001ppm
		식염(화학공정으로부터 파생된 염은 제외)	0.1ppm
	메틸수은	모든어류 및 작은새우 등 갑각류	0.5ppm 이하
	(Methylmercury)	Migratory fishes(이동성 어류)	2.0ppm 이하
		식용가능 oil과 fat	0.1ppm 이하
		해조류	2ppm 이하
		껌, 풍선껌	3ppm 이하
		아카시아 (식품원료로서, gum arabic)	3ppm 이하
		식용가능천연색소(순도시험)	3ppm 이하
	비소(As)	세척제(식품용)	0.05ppm 이하
		병과 포장된 음료수(drink water)	0.01ppm
		Beverage(커피, Tea, cocoa)	
중금속		-천연및 농축과일쥬스 및 야채쥬스들	0.2ppm
		은 제외 식염(화학공정으로부터 파생된 염은	
		제외)	0.2ppm
	주석(Sn)	캔제품화된 식품들(캔 음료는 제외)	250ppm 이하
		Beverage(커피, Tea, cocoa)	250ppm(캔 제품에 대
		-천연및 농축과일쥬스 및 야채쥬스들	# 해서)
		은 제외 알 및 알제품(Egg and Egg	
		Products)	5ppm 이하
		식용가능 oil과 fat	0.4ppm 이하
		Ice 제품들	1.0ppm 이하
	구리(Cu)	병과 포장된 음료수(drink water)	1.0ppm
	, , , =/	Beverage(커피, Tea, cocoa)	
		-천연및 농축과일쥬스 및 야채쥬스들	5.0ppm
		은 제외 식염(화학공정으로부터 파생된 염은	
		제외)	2ppm

OG 무지		목 록	기준
오염물질			(Maximum level)
		Ice 제품들	5.0ppm 이하
		병과 포장된 음료수(drink water)	5.0ppm
중금속	아연(Zn)	Beverage(커피, Tea, cocoa) -천연및 농축과일쥬스 및 야채쥬 스들은 제외	5.0ppm
	안티몬 (Antimony)	Beverage(커피, Tea, cocoa) -천연및 농축과일쥬스 및 야채쥬 스들은 제외	0.15ppm
		우유 및 유제품	0.5ppm(fat basis)
	PCBs	육류	1.0ppm(fat basis)
		계란	0.2ppm
다이옥신 &		심해성어류, 근해의 갑각류,	0.5ppm(edible portions)
PCBs		근해의 어류들, 담수의 갑각류,	1.0ppm(edible potions)
		양식어류들과 갑각류들	1.0ppm(edible potions)
		유아용, 신생아용 식품들	0.2ppm
		식품용 종이포장지, 포장지	5.0ppm
	Aflatoxin (B1+ B2+ G1+	땅콩, 옥수수	15ppb 이하
		쌀, 수수, 두류, 견과류, 밀, 보리, 귀리	10ppb 이하
Mycotoxin	G2)	Edible oil and fats	10ppb 이하
		다른 식품들	10ppb 이하
	Aflatoxin(M1)	우유	0.5ppb 이하
		우유 가루	5.0ppb 이하

오염물질		목 록	기준 (Maximum level)
기타물질들	Nitrosamine	유아용 젖꼭지	10ppb 이하
	Methanol	세척제(식품용)	1mg/ml
	형광증백제	세척제(식품용)	불검출
	Erucic acid	식용가능 oil과 fat	5.0%
	Bromate	병, 포장된 음료수(drink water)	0.01ppm

9. 중국

http://www.foodmate.com/standard/

오얼	불 질	목록	기준(mg/kg)
		곡류	0.2
		두류	0.2
		서류	0.2
		가축육류	0.2
		식용의 가축부산물	0.5
		어류	0.5
		과일	0.1
		작은과일, , 포도	0.2
	납(Pb)	야채(, ,)	0.1
		구경야채	0.3
		엽채류	0.3
		신선우유	0.05
		유아용분유	0.02
		신선란	0.2
중금속		과일주	0.2
0 11 7		과즙	0.05
		차잎	5
		양식 : , 대두	0.2
		: 광콩	0.5
		: 긜가루	0.1
		: (, , ,)	0.1
		가금육류	0.1
		가축간장	0.5
	카드뮴(Cd)	가축신장	1.0
		과일	0.05
		근경류야채()	0.1
		엽채, , 식용균류	0.2
		기타채소	0.05
		어류	0.1
		신선란	0.05

오염물질		oz	기준(mg/kg)		
		목록	총수은(Hg으로써)	메틸수은	
		양식()	0.02		
		서류(,), , 과일	0.01		
		신선우유	0.01		
중금속	수은(Hg)	육, ()	0.05		
		어류 및 기타수산품 ()		0.5	
		식육어류(,)		1.0	
Od		o z	기준(mg	/kg)	
오염	室	목록	총비소	무기비소	
		양식 : 쌀		0.15	
		양식 : 밀가루		0.1	
	비소(As)	양식 : 잡양		0.2	
		채소		0.05	
		과일		0.05	
		가축육류		0.05	
		란류		0.05	
		분유		0.25	
		신선우유		0.05	
		두류		0.1	
중금속		주류		0.05	
		어류		0.1	
		해조류()		1.5	
		패류 및 갑각류()		0.5	
		패류 및 갑각류()		1.0	
		기타수산물()		0.5	
		식용유지	0.1		
		과즙류	0.2		
		코코아 유지 및 초코렛	0.5		
		기타코코아 제품	1.0		
		당류	0.5		

오염물질		목록	기준(mg/kg)
		양식	1.0
		두류	1.0
		서류	0.5
		야채류	0.5
	크롬(Cr)	과일	0.5
	五音(Cr)	육류(,)	1.0
		어패류	2.0
		란류	1.0
		신선우유	0.3
		분유	2.0
		양식()	0.3
		두류 및 제품	0.3
		야채	0.1
	셀레늄(Se)	과일	0.05
중금속		가축육류	0.5
0 11 7		신장	3.0
		어류	1.0
		란류	0.5
		신선우유	0.03
		분유	0.15
	불소(F)	양식: , 밀가루	1.0
		양식 : 기타	1.5
		두류	1.0
		야채	1.0
		과일	0.5
		육류	2.0
		어류()	2.0
		란류	1.0
	알루미늄(Al)	面制食品(以质量计)	100

		기준(ug/kg)			
오염물질	목록	N-dime	thyl	N-diethyl	
		nitrosam	nine r	nitrosamine	
	해산품	4		7	
Nitrosamine	육제품	3 5		5	
	맥주(ug/L)	3	3 -		
오염물질	목록	כ	기준(mg/kg)		
		희토류 화합물의 총량으로 계산			
	양식(벼, 옥수수, 소맥)		2.0		
	야채(시금치 제외)		0.7		
희토류 금속	과일		0.7		
[예, 게르마늄(Ge),	땅콩		0.5		
하프늄(Hf) 등]	감자	0.5			
	녹두	1.0			
	차잎	2.0			
오염물질	목록	기준(ug/kg)			
	양식(쌀, 밀가루, 옥수수)	3			
	야채	4			
	어류	3			
아질산염	육류	3			
기는건 급	란류	5			
	간장에 절인 채소	20			
	분유	2			
	식염(NaCl로써)	2			
 	목록	기준(mg/kg)			
오염물질	 	PCB ¹⁾	PCB138	PCB153	
다이옥신 PCBs	해산어류, , 새우 및	2.0	0.5	0.5	
및 PCBs	조류식품() PCR52 PCR101 PCR118 PCR139				

^{※ &#}x27;CB¹⁾: PCB28, PCB52, PCB101, PCB118, PCB138, PCB153, PCB180 - 합한것

10. 기타국가들

1) 브라질

Regulations for mycotoxins in brazil -1994년

출처 : http://www.cfsan.fda.gov/~frf/iuregb94.html

오염물질		목록		기준	
	Aflatoxin M1	우유	액상우유	0.5 ug/L	
	Anatoxin M1		분유	5.0 ug/L	
	Aflatoxin (B1+B2+G1+ G2)	옥수수	옥수수 낟알	20 ug/kg	
Mycotoxin			옥수수 가루	20 ug/kg	
		땅콩	땅콩	20 ug/kg(in shell, shelled, raw or toasted)	
			땅콩 버터	20 ug/kg	

V. 국가별 기준·규격 참고자료

1. 한 국

http://www.kfda.go.kr/cgi-bin/t4.cgi/foodikorea/food_main.taf

2. 국제식품규격(CODEX)

ftp://ftp.fao.org/codex/ccfac37/fa37_19e.pdf

3. 미 국

http://www.cfsan.fda.gov/~lrd/fdaact.html

미국-FDA

출처 -http://www.cfsan.fda.gov/~lrd/fdaact.html

U. S. Food and Drug Administration Industry Activities Staff Booklet August 2000

ACTION LEVELS FOR POISONOUS OR DELETERIOUS SUBSTANCES IN HUMAN FOOD AND ANIMAL FEED

This booklet lists action levels established by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for poisonous or deleterious substances in human food and animal feed. Action levels for poisonous or deleterious substances are established by the FDA to control levels of contaminants in human food and animal feed.

Action levels and tolerances are established based on the unavoidability of the poisonous or deleterious substances and do not represent permissible levels of contaminantion where it is avoidable. The blending of a food or feed containing a substance in excess of an action level or tolerance with another food or feed is not permitted, and the final product resulting from blending is unlawful, regardless of the level of the contaminant.

Action levels and tolerances represent limits at or above which FDA will take legal action to remove products from the market. Where no established action level or tolerance exists, FDA may take legal action against the product at the minimal detectable level of the contaminant.

The action levels are established and revised according to criteria specified in Title 21, Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 109 and 509 and are revoked when a regulation establishing a tolerance for the same substance and use becomes effective.

This booklet is arranged by substance, with the applicable human food and animal feed products listed therein. An index is located at the front of this booklet.

This list is current as of August, 2000. Notices will be published in the <u>Federal Register</u> as new action levels are established or as existing action levels are revised or revoked. It is the responsibility of the user of the list to keep up to date on changes in the action levels.

Single copies of this booklet are available from:

Industry Activities Staff (HFS-565) CFSAN/FDA 200 C Street, S.W. Washington, DC 20204 Telephone (202) 205-5251

Copies of the Compliance Policy Guides (CPG) referenced in the action level list may be purchased from:

National Technical Information Service (NTIS) 5285 Port Royal Road Springfield, VA 22161 Telephone (703) 605-6000

Order number: PB97 915 400

FDA's Compliance Policy Guides are accessible via the Internet: http://www.fda.gov

Substance

Aflatoxin

Aldrin & Dieldrin

Benzene Hexachloride

Cadmium

Chlordane

Chlordecone (Kepone)

Dicofol (Kelthane)

DDT, DDE, TDE

Dimethylnitrosamine (Nitrosodimethylamine)

Ethylene Dibromide (EDB)

Heptachlor & Heptachlor Epoxide

Lead

Lindane

Mercury

Methyl Alcohol

Mirex

N-Nitrosamines

Paralytic Shellfish Toxin

Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)

4. 유럽연합

http://europa.eu.int/eur-lex/en/consleg/pdf/2001/en_2001R0466_do_001.pdf

2005년 6월 WTO/SPS 통보문

World Trade	G/SPS/N/EEC/253/Add.1	
Organization	16 June 2005 (05-2554)	
Committee on Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures	Original:	English

G/SPS/N/EEC/253/Add.1 Page 1

NOTIFICATION

Addendum

The following communication, dated 14 June 2005, is being circulated at the request of the delegation of the European Communities. Unprocessed cereals (CN headings 1001, 1002, 1003, 1004, 1005, 1007, 1008), cereal flour (CN headings 1101, 1102, 1103, 1104), bread, pastries, biscuits, cereal snacks, breakfast cereals (CN headings 1901, 1904, 1905) pasta (CN headings 1902), processed cereal based food for infants and young children The proposal notified in G/SPS/N/EEC/253 (dated 23 December 2004) has been adopted as "Commission Regulation (EC) No 856/2005 of 6 June 2005 amending Regulation (EC) No 466/2001 as regards Fusarium toxins" (Official Journal L143, 7 June 2005 pp 3 8). The full text can be downloaded from the internet address indicated below: English: http://europa.eu.int/eur-lex/lex/LexUriServ/site/en/oj/2005/l_143/l_14320050 607en00030008.pdf

French:

http://europa.eu.int/eur-lex/lex/LexUriServ/site/fr/oj/2005/l_143/l_14320050

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Spanish:

http://europa.eu.int/eur-lex/lex/LexUriServ/site/es/oj/2005/l_143/l_14320050 607es00030008.pdf

_____Also available is the "Commission Directive 2005/38/EC of 6 June 2005 laying down the sampling methods and the methods of analysis for the official control of the levels of Fusarium toxins in foodstuffs" to fix the sampling procedure and the general criteria which the method of analysis should comply with for the official control in the EU in order to ensure that the sampling is carried out and that control laboratories use methods of analysis with comparable levels of performance. This text can be downloaded from:

English:

http://europa.eu.int/eur-lex/lex/LexUriServ/site/en/oj/2005/l_143/l_14320050 607en00180026.pdf

French:

 $\frac{\text{http://europa.eu.int/eur-lex/lex/LexUriServ/site/fr/oj/2005/l_143/l_14320050}}{607 \text{fr} 00180026.pdf}$

Spanish:

http://europa.eu.int/eur-lex/lex/LexUriServ/site/es/oj/2005/l_143/l_14320050 607es00180026.pdf

The notified documents can also be obtained from the EC SPS Enquiry Point, sps@cec.eu.int, fax: +32.2.299.80.90.

World Trade	G/SPS/N/EE	C/247/Add.1
Overanization	18 November	er 2004
Organization	(04-5005)	
Committee on Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures	Original:	English

NOTIFICATION

Addendum

____The following communication, dated 15 November 2004, is being circulated at the request of the Delegation of the European Communities.

Roasted coffee beans, ground roasted coffee and soluble coffee, wine, grape juice and grape must.

The proposal notified in document number G/SPS/N/EEC/247 "Draft Commission Regulation amending Commission Regulation (EC) N°. 466/2001 of 8 March 2001 setting maximum levels for certain contaminants in foodstuffs as regards ochratoxin A" (dated 1 September 2004) has been modified to incorporate comments received from WTO members. In the amended proposal,

- The date of application of the regulation is delayed until 1st April 2005 to allow adaptation of trade to the proposed measures.
- The proposed MRL for wine (red, white and rose) and other wine and/or grape must based beverages will only apply to products harvested from year 2005 onwards, to take consideration of agricultural and oenological practices worldwide (i.e. wine produced from grapes harvested in 2004 in the southern hemisphere will not be affected).

Important Notice

The EC takes the opportunity to remind Members of the SPS Agreement that they can submit results of scientific studies concerning the risks to human health of Ochratoxins A any time. These studies will be submitted to the European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) for an evaluation of the assessment of the risk. The EFSA provides independent scientific advice and clear communication on existing and emerging risks, in close collaboration with EC national authorities and in open consultation with its stakeholders.

The notified document can be obtained from the EC Enquiry Point: sps@cec.eu.int.

G/SPS/N/EEC/264

Page 3

World Trade Organization G/SPS/N/EEC/264 1 August 2005 (05-3449) Committee on Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures Original: English

NOTIFICATION

4	Member to Agreement notifying: <u>EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES</u>
1.	If applicable, name of local government involved:
	Agency responsible:Commission of the European Communities.
2.	Health & Consumer Protection Directorate-General Directorate E
۷.	Food Safety: Plant Health, Animal Health and Welfare, International
	questions
	Products covered (provide tariff item number(s) as specified in
	national schedules deposited with the WTO; ICS numbers should be
	provided in addition, where applicable): Meat and meat products
	(CN headings 0201, 0202, 0203, 0204, 0206, 0207, 0208 and 0210);
	liver and derived products originating from terrestrial animals (CN
	headings 0206, 0207 and 0210); fish and fishery products (CN
	headings 0302, 0303, 0304, 0305, 0306, and 0307); milk and milk
3.	products (CN headings 0401, 0402, 0403, 0404, 0405, 0406), eggs
	and egg products (CN headings 0407 and 0408); vegetable oils and
	fats (CN headings 1507, 1508, 1509, 1510, 1511, 1512, 1513, 1514,
	1515, 1516 and 1517) animal fat (CN headings 0209, 1501, 1502
	and 1506), fish oil for human consumption (CN heading 1504); food
	products derived from the abovementioned products or containing
	them as ingredient (CN headings 1601, 1602, 1603, 1604, 1605,
	1901, 1902, 1904, 1905, 2104, 2105 and 2106)
	Regions or countries likely to be affected, to the extent relevant or
4.	practicable: Member States of the European Communities (EC) and
	third countries exporting the products concerned to the EC.
5.	Title, language and number of pages of the notified document:Draft

	Commission Regulation amending Commission Regulation (EC) No.
	466/2001 (Official Journal L77, 162001; pages 1-13) as regards
	dioxins and dioxin-like PCBs (SANCO/0305/2005 rev.3. 9 pages).
	Description of content: This proposal establishes harmonized
	maximum Community levels for the sum of dioxins, furans and
	dioxin-like PCBs in certain foodstuffs in addition to the existing
	maximum levels for dioxins, summarised as follows (expressed in
	WHO-PCDD/F-PCB-TEQ = sum of polychlorinated
	dibenzo-para-dioxins (PCDDs), polychlorinated dibenzofurans
	(PCDFs) and dioxin-like Polychlorinated Biphenyls (DL-PCBs)
	expressed in World Health Organisation (WHO) toxic equivalents,
	using the WHO TEFs (toxic equivalency factors):
	Meat and meat products originating from
	- Ruminants (bovine animals, sheep) 4.50 pg/g fat
	- Poultry and farmed game 4.00 pg/g fat
	- Pigs
6.	Liver and derived products originating from terrestrial animals
	12.00 pg/g fat
	Muscle meat of fish and fishery products and products thereof
	4.00 pg/g fresh weight
	Milk and milk products, including butter fat 6.00 pg/g fat
	Hen eggs and egg products 6.00 pg/g fat
	Oils and fats
	- Animal fat - from ruminants 4.50 pg/g fat
	- from poultry and farmed game 4.00 pg/g fat
	- from pigs 1.50 pg/g fat
	- mixed animal fat 3.00 pg/g fat
	- Vegetable oil 1.50 pg/g fat
	- fish oil intended for human consumption
	10.00 pg/g fat
_	Objective and rationale: [food safety, [animal health, [plant]
7.	protection, []humans from animal/plant pest or disease, [protect
	territory from other damage frompests International standard, guideline or recommendation:
	[] Codex Alimentarius Commission, [World Organization for Animal
8.	
	Health (OIE), [Plant Protection Convention, [] None
	If an international standard, guideline or recommendation exists, give

the appropriate reference and briefly identify deviations: A CODEX standard for these substances does not exist. The proposed Community measures respond to the advice of the EU Scientific Committee on Food and JECFA.

Relevant documents and language(s) in which these are available: European Commission Document SANCO/0305/2005 rev.3 (available in English). When adopted it will be published in the Official Journal available at:

http://europa.eu.int/eur-lex/lex/JOYear.do?year=2005

The Scientific risk assessments made by the Scientific Committee for Food is available at

http://europa.eu.int/comm/food/fs/sc/scf/out78_en.pdf http://europa.eu.int/comm/food/fs/sc/scf/out90_en.pdf

9.

The scientific risk assessment performed by the Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Additives and Contaminants (JECFA) is available at

http://www.inchem.org/documents/jecfa/jecmono/v48je20.htm

Data on the presence of dioxins and PCBs in food and feed have been published in 2004. The publication "Dioxins and PCBs in Food and Feed Data available to the European Commission (EUR 21093 EN)", Gallani et al. is available on request.

- Proposed date of adoption: October 2005 (at this time it is not possible to estimate a more specific date).
- 11. Proposed date of entry into force: 1 May 2006

Final date for comments: Sixty (60) days after the date of notification.

- 12. Agency or authority designated to handle comments: [notification authority, [] National enquiry point, or address, fax number and E-mail address (if available) of other body:
- Texts available from: [National notification authority, [] National enquiry point, or address, fax number and E-mail address (if available) of other body:

World Trade Organization	G/SPS/N/EEC/265 29 July 2005 (05-3451)
Committee on Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures	Original: English

NOTIFICATION

	NA A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
1.	Member to Agreement notifying: <u>EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES</u>
	If applicable, name of local government involved:
	Agency responsible: Commission of the European Communities.
2.	Health & Consumer Protection Directorate-General Directorate E
² .	Food Safety: Plant Health, Animal Health and Welfare, International
	questions
	Products covered (provide tariff item number(s) as specified in
	national schedules deposited with the WTO; ICS numbers should be
	provided in addition, where applicable): CN headings 2301 to 2309,
	specific for animal feed and all CN headings related to the
	individual additives, feed materials and feedingstuffs.
	All feed materials of plant origin; Vegetable oil and by-products;
3.	Feed materials of mineral origin; Animal fat including milk and egg
	fat; Other land animal products including milk and milk products and
	eggs and egg products; Fish, other aquatic animals, their products
	and by-products; Additives belonging to the functional group of
	binders and anti-caking agents; Additives belonging to the
	functional group of compounds of trace elements; Compound
	feedingstuffs. Regions or countries likely to be affected, to the extent relevant or
4.	practicable: Member States of the European Communities (EC) and
1.	third countries exporting the products concerned to the EC.
	Title, language and number of pages of the notified document:
	Draft Commission Directive amending Directive 2002/32/EC of the
5.	European Parliament and of the Council on undesirable substances
0.	in animal feed (OJ L 140, 30.5.2002, p. 10) as regards dioxins and
	dioxin-like PCBs (SANCO/0362/2005, 11 pages).

Description of This proposal establishes harmonized content: maximum Community levels for the sum of dioxins, furans and dioxin-like PCBsin feedingstuffs in addition to the existing maximum levels for dioxins, summarised as follows (maximum level relative to a *feedingstuff* with a moisture content of 12 % expressed in WHO-PCDD/F-PCB-TEQ = sum of polychlorinated dibenzo-para-dioxins (PCDDs). polychlorinated dibenzofurans (PCDFs) and dioxin-like Polychlorinated Biphenyls (DL-PCBs) expressed in World Health Organisation (WHO) toxic equivalents, using the WHO TEFs (toxic equivalency factors):

All feed materials of plant origin with the exception of vegetable

6.

oils and by-products: 1.25 ng/kg

Vegetable oil and by-products 1.50 ng/kg

Feed materials of mineral origin 1.50 ng/kg

Animal fat including milk and egg fat: 3.0 ng/kg

Other land animal products including milk and milk products and eggs and egg products:

1.25 ng/kg

Fish oil: 24 ng/kg

Fish, other aquatic animals, their products and by-products with the exception of fish oil:

4.50 ng/kg

Fish protein hydrolysates containing more than 20% fat 11.0 ng/kg Additives belonging to the functional group of binders and

anti-caking agents 1.5 ng/kg

Additives belonging to the functional group of compounds of trace elements

1.50 ng/kg

Compound feedingstuffs, with the exception of feedingstuffs for fur animals:

1.50 ng/kg

Feedingstuffs for fish, feedingstuffs for pet animals 7.00 ng/kg

In addition to the maximum levels, action levels are proposed as a tool for competent authorities and operators to highlight those cases where it is appropriate to identify a source of contamination and to take measures for its reduction or elimination. Given that the sources of dioxins and dioxin-like PCBs are different, separate action levels are determined for dioxins on the one hand and for dioxin-like PCBs on the other hand.

	Objective and rationale: [food safety, [animal health, [plant]
7.	protection, []humans from animal/plant pest or disease, [protect
	territory from other damage from pests
	International standard, guideline or recommendation:
	[] Codex Alimentarius Commission, [World Organization for Animal
	Health (OIE), [Plant Protection Convention, [None
8.	If an international standard, guideline or recommendation exists,
0.	give the appropriate reference and briefly identify deviations:A
	CODEX standard for these substances does not exist. The
	proposed Community measures respond to the advice of the EU
	Scientific Committee on Food and JECFA
	Relevant documents and language(s) in which these are available:
	European Commission Document SANCO/0305/2005 rev.3 (available
	in English). When adopted it will be published in the Official
	Journal available at:
	http://europa.eu.int/eur-lex/lex/JOYear.do?year=2005
	Scientific risk assessments by the Scientific Committee on Food and
	the scientific Committee on Feed :
	http://europa.eu.int/comm/food/fs/sc/scf/out78_en.pdfhttp://europa.eu.i
	nt/comm/food/fs/sc/scf/out90_en.pdfhttp://europa.eu.int/comm/food/fs/
9.	sc/scan/out55_en.pdf
0.	
	The scientific risk assessment performed by the Joint FAO/WHO
	Expert Committee on Food Additives and Contaminants (JECFA) is
	available at
	http://www.inchem.org/documents/jecfa/jecmono/v48je20.htm
	Data on the presence of dioxins and PCBs in food and feed have
	been published in 2004. The publication "Dioxins and PCBs in
	Food and Feed Data available to the European Commission (EUR
	21093 EN)", Gallani et al. is available on request.
10.	Proposed date of adoption: October 2005 (at this time it is not
11	possible to estimate a more specific date).
11.	Proposed date of entry into force: 1 May 2006
10	Final date for comments: Sixty (60) days after the date of
12.	notification.
	Agency or authority designated to handle comments: [notification]

	authority, [National enquiry point, or address, fax number and
	E-mail address (if available) of other body:
	Texts available from: [National notification authority, [] National
13.	enquiry point, or address, fax number and E-mail address (if
	available) of other body:

5. 일 본

- 1. http://www.jetro.go.jp/en/market/regulations/pdf/foodadd2004apr-e.pdf
- 2. 食品衛生小六法 平成16年版, 食品衛生研究會 編集, 親日本法規

6. 호주·뉴질랜드청

http://www.foodstandards.gov.au/_srcfiles/fsc_1_4_1_Contaminants_v78.pdf

7. 캐나다

http://www.inspection.gc.ca/english/anima/fispoi/guide/chme.shtml

【캐나다】

출처 : http://www.inspection.gc.ca/english/anima/fispoi/guide/chme.shtml

Canadian Food Inspection Agency Animal Products Directorate Fish, Seafood and Production Product Inspection

CANADIAN GUIDELINES FOR CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS AND TOXINS IN FISH AND FISH PRODUCTS

CONTAMINANTS	PRODUCT TYPE	ACTION LEVEL*
· Mercury	All fish products (Swordfish, shark, fresh and frozen tuna excepted)	0.5 ppm
· Arsenic	Fish protein concentrate	3.5 ppm
· Lead	Fish protein concentrate	0.5 ppm
· Fluoride	Fish protein concentrate	150 ppm
° 2,3,7,8 TCDD (Dioxin)	All fish products	20 ppt * UNDER REVIEW*
DDT and Metabolites(DDD and DDE)	All fish products	5.0 ppm
• PCB	All fish products	2.0 ppm

 Piperonyl butoxide 	Dried Cod	1.0 ppm
 Other agricultural chemicals or their derivatives 	All fish products	0.1 ppm

SAMPLING: Samples to consist of a minimum of 5 units representative of the lot. Analysis may be carried out on a composite of all sample units.

CRITERIA FOR ACTION: A lot of fish will be considered reject if the sample value exceeds the action level. Fish or fish products exceeding these guidelines may be permitted for export if they do not violate regulations of the importing country.

*Based on contaminants level of edible weight

TOXINS	PRODUCT TYPE	ACTION LEVEL
	Enzyme ripened products (e.g. anchovies, anchovy paste, fish sauce)	20 mg / 100 g
Histamine*	All other scombroid fish products (e.g. canned or fresh or frozen tuna, mackerel, mahi-mahi)	10 mg / 100 g
PSP**	Molluscan shellfish	80 μg / 100 g
ASP***	Molluscan shellfish	20 μg / g
DSP***	Molluscan shellfish	1 μg / g

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS:

*Histamine

- Samples are collected according to Sampling Plan 1 (AQL 6.5) for Initial Inspection and Sampling Plan 2 (AQL 6.5) for Reinspection.
- Any sample exceeding 50 mg/100 g will result in the lot being rejected with no right to reinspection.
- The acceptance number is that corresponding to the number for decomposition.

** PSP and ***ASP (Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning and Amnesic Shellfish Poisoning - Domoic Acid)

- \circ PSP toxin levels equal to or greater than 80 μ g/100 g and/or ASP levels equal to or greater than 20 μ g/g will result in closure of the shellfish area.
- · Where shellfish samples collected from a plant are equal to or greater than the above

- levels, the production lot is detained. If the lot has already been distributed, possible product recall will be considered.
- The minimum acceptable sample is that which when shucked will produce 100 g of drained meats from 5 pooled sub-samples. Depending on the size of animals, the total number of shellfish required varies from 1 (geoduck) to 25 (pink scallops).

**** DSP (Okadaic acid and/or DTX-1)

 DSP testing will be conducted only in suspect harvesting areas or as a result of consumer complaints. Okadaic acid and/or DTX-1 levels in digestive tissue exceeding 1 μg/g, singly or in combination, will result in closure of the shellfish area.

NON-PERMITTE D ADDITIVES ¹	PRODUCT TYPE	BACKGROUND LEVEL ²
Nitrites	All fish and fish products (except marine mammal meat ³)	15 ppm (see note 2)
Nitrates	All fish and fish products	15 ppm (see note 2)
Sulphites ⁴	Clams (raw and canned)	10 ppm
Phosphates ⁵	Shrimp (raw, cooked and canned)	1.60 %
	Scallops (raw)	1.47 %
	Fish fillets	1.37 %
	Crab (raw and cooked)	1.70 %
	Lobster (raw and cooked)	1.47 %
	Surf clams (raw and cooked)	1.00 %

¹ The compounds listed in this table are food additives; however some background levels may occur naturally in some foods.

² When the additive is not permitted, then the action level is the background level or detection limit; when the additive is permitted, then the action level is the background level or detection limit plus the permitted amount.

³ Marine mammals, including seals are included in the definition of "fish" as per the Canadian Food and Drug Regulations. Sodium nitrite is permitted in marine mammal

meats at the maximum level of 200 ppm

Note:

- 1. If a processor can provide reliable data for naturally occurring background levels that are higher than those shown above, this may be considered before product action is taken.
- 2. Some herbs, including parsley, contain high levels of naturally occurring nitrates. This has to be considered when nitrates are detected in fish products containing herbs as an ingredient

⁴ Calculated as sulphur dioxide.

⁵ Calculated as sodium phosphate, dibasic.

8. 대 만

http://food.doh.gov.tw/chinese/ruler/hygiene_standed_e.htm

9. 중 국

http://www.foodmate.com/standard/

GB

中华人民共和国国家标准

 $GB \times \times \times \times -2004$

代替GB14935-1994、GB15201-1994、

GB2762-1994、GB4810-1994、GB14961-1994、GB15202-2003、GB13105-1991、GB4809-1984、GB7104-1994、GB9677-1998、GB9674-1988、GB15198-1994、GB13107-1991

食品中污染物限量 Maximum levels of contaminants in foods (报批稿)

2004-XX-XX发布 中国人民共和国卫生部 发布 中国国家标准化管理委员会 2004-XX-XX实施

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前 言

本標准全文强制性。 《译品中鎘 本標准代替 **》**、 限量衛生標准》、 > 《 : 品中砷 限量衛生標准》、 > 、 《『制食 品中鋁限量》、 《食品中氟 > 、 限量衛生標准》、 ₹ 》 品中 亞硝胺限量衛生標准》、 > 、 GB15198-1994 《 《『物性食品中稀土 > 、 限量衛生標准》。 本標准与原單項的限量標准相比主要修改如下: 本標准將 B14935-1994、GB15201-1994、GB2762-1994、GB4810-1994、 GB14961-1994、GB15202-2003、GB13105-1991、GB4809-1984、GB7104-1994、 GB9677-1998、GB9674-1988、GB15198-1994、GB13107-1991等 个汚染物限量標准合 幷爲本標准; 个別項目目標物改變如多氯聯苯原標准以 和 爲目標物的限量指標, 標 准以 的總和計, 自 和 增加、 兩項限量指標; 等效采用 標准, , }設糖、食用油 脂、果汁及果漿、可可制品等 个食品品种的限量指標。 將《 本標准的附彔 爲資料性附彔。

本標准自實施之日起, B14935-1994、GB15201-1994、GB2762-1994、GB4810-1994、GB14961-1994、GB15202-2003、GB13105-1991、GB4809-1984、GB7104-1994、GB9677-1998、GB9674-1988、GB15198-1994、GB13107-1991同時廢止。

本標准由中華人民共和國衛生部提出幷歸口。

本標准起草單位: ¹國疾病預防控制中心營養与食品安全所、衛生部衛生監督中心。

本標准主要起草人: [永宁、王緒卿、楊惠芬、趙丹宇。

本標准其它起草單位和起草人見附彔 。

本標准所代替的標准的歷次版本發布情况爲:

GB14935-94、 GB2762-1994、GB14961-1994、GB13105-1991、GB4809-1984、GB7104-1994、 GB9674-1988、GB15198-1994、GB13107-1991為首次發布, 次為第一次修訂;

GBn52-1977、GB2762-81、GB2762-1994; GB4810-1984、GB4810-1994; GB 15201-1984、GB 15201-1994; GB15202-1994、GB15202-2003;

GB9677-1988、GB9677-1998。

食品中汚染物限量

1 范圍
本標准規定了食品中汚染物的限量指標。
本標准适用于各類食品。
2 規范性引用文件
下列文件中的條款通過本標准的引用而成爲本標准的條款。凡是注日期的引用文
件, () , ,
鼓勵根据本標准達成協議的各方研究是否可使用這些文件的最新版本。凡是不注日期
的引用文件, 「最新版本适用于本標准。
GB/T 5009.11食品中砷和无机砷的測定
GB/T 5009.12 食品中鉛的測定
GB/T 5009.15食品中鎘的測定
GB/T 5009.17食品中總汞和甲基汞的測定
GB/T 5009.123食品中鉻的測定
GB/T 5009.182食品中鋁的測定
GB/T 5009.93食品中硒的測定
GB/T 5009.18食品中氟的測定
GB/T 5009.27食品中苯幷 () E的測定
GB/T 5009.26食品中亞硝胺的測定
GB/T 5009.190海産食品中多氯聯苯的測定
GB/T 5009.33食品亞硝酸鹽的測定
GB/T 5009.94植物性食品中稀土的測定
3 術語定義
下列術語定義适用于本標准。
3.1汚染物 ()
食品在生産(、)、加工、包裝、儲存、運
輸、銷售、直至食用過程或环境汚染所導致産生的任何物質, 這些非有意加入食品中

的物質称爲汚染物。本標准包括除農藥、獸藥和眞菌毒素以外的汚染物。

3.2限量(

汚染物在食品中的允許最大濃度。

4 指標要求

4.1鉛 'b)

4.1.1食品中鉛限量指標見表。

GBXXXX-2004

表 食品中鉛限量指標

食品	限量(MLs, mg/kg)
谷类 곡류	0.2
豆类 두류	0.2
薯类 서류	0.2
禽畜肉类 가축육류	0.2
可食用禽畜下水 식용의 가축부산물	0.5
鱼类 어류	0.5
水果 과일	0.1
小水果 작은과일、浆果 베리류、葡萄	0.2
蔬菜 야채 (球茎 구 경、 叶菜 엽 채、 食用 菌类除外 식 용 균 류 제 외)	0.1
球茎蔬菜구경야채	0.3
叶菜类 엽채류	0.3
鮮乳 신선우유	0.05
婴儿配方粉(乳为原料,以冲调后乳汁	
计)	0.02
유아용분유	
鲜蛋 신선란	0.2
果酒 과일주	0.2
果汁 과즙	0.05
茶叶 차잎	5

4.1.2檢驗方法: 沒 規定的方法測定。

4.2 鎘 (Cd)

4.2.1食品中鎘限量指標見表。

表2 食品中镉限量指标

食品	限量(MLs,mg/kg)
粮食 양식	
大米、大豆 쌀, 대두	
花生 땅콩	0.2
	0.5
面粉 밀가루	0.1
杂粮잡양 (玉米옥수수、小米좁쌀、	0.1
高粱수수、薯类서류)	
禽畜肉类 가금육류	
禽畜肝脏 가축간장	0.1
	0.5
禽畜肾脏 가축신장	1.0
水果과일	0.05
根茎类蔬菜(芹菜除外) 근경류야채(셀	0.1
러리제외)	
叶菜、芹菜、食用菌类 엽채, 셀러리, 식	0.2
용균류	
其他蔬菜 기타채소	0.05
鱼 어류	0.1
鲜蛋 신선란	0.05

4.2.2檢驗方法: ₹ 規定的方法測定。

GBXXXX-2004

4.3 汞 Hg)

4.3.1食品中汞限量指標見表

表 食品中汞限量指標

食品	限量(MLs),mg/kg	
	总汞총수은(以Hg计)	甲基汞메칠수은
粮食양식 (成品粮완성품)	0.02	
薯类서류(土豆감자、白薯고구 마)、蔬菜야채、水果과일	0.01	
鲜乳신선우유	0.01	
肉육、蛋란 (去壳껍질제거)	0.05	
鱼(不包括食肉鱼类)及其他水产品		
어류 및 기타수산품(식육어류제		0.5
외)		
食肉鱼类(如鲨鱼、金枪鱼及其他)		1.0
식육어류(상어, 참치 및 기타)		1.0

4.3.2檢驗方法: ₹ 規定的方法測定。

4.4种 As)

4.4.1食品中砷限量指標見表

表 食品中砷限量指標

食品	限量(MLs), mg/kg	
	总砷 (총비소)	无机砷(무기비소)
粮食 양식		
大米 쌀		0.15
面粉 밀가루		0.1
杂粮 잡양		0.2
蔬菜 채소		0.05
水果 과일		0.05

畜禽肉类 가축육류		0.05
蛋类 란류		0.05
乳粉 분유		0.25
鲜乳 신선우유		
豆类 두류		0.05
酒类 주류		0.1
鱼 어류		0.05
- · · ·		0.1
산)		1.5
		0.5
贝类及虾蟹类(以鲜重计) 叫帚		
및 갑각류 (신선물로 계산)		1.0
贝类及虾蟹类(以干重计)(건조		
물로 계산)		0.5
其他水产食品(以鲜重计) 기타		0.0
수산물(신선물로 계산)	0.1	
食用油脂 식용유지	0.1	
果汁及果浆 과즙류	0.2	
可可脂及巧克力코코아유지 및	0.5	
쵸코렛	1.0	
其他可可制品기타코코아제품	1.0	
食糖 당류	0.5	

0.54.4.2检验方法:按GB/T 5009.11 规定的方法测定。

4.5鉻 Cr)

4.5.1食品中鉻限量指標見表

表 食品中鉻的限量指標

食品	限量 (MLs, mg/kg)
粮食 양식	1.0
豆类 두류	1.0
薯类 서류	0.5
蔬菜 야채류	0.5
水果 과일	0.5
肉类 (包括肝、肾) 육류(간, 신장포함)	1.0

鱼贝类 어패류	2.0
蛋类 란류	1.0
鮮乳 신선우유	0.3
乳粉 분유	2.0

4.5.2檢驗方法: ₹ 規定的方法測定。

4.6鋁 (Al)

4.6.1面制食品中鋁限量指標見表

表 面制食品中鋁限量指標

食品	限量(MLs , mg/kg)
面制食品(以质量计)	100

4.6.2檢驗方法: そ 規定的方法測定。

4.7 硒 Se)

4.7.1食品中硒限量指標見表

表 食品中硒限量指標

食品	限量 (MLs , mg/kg)
粮食(成品粮) 양식(완성양)	0.3
豆类及制品 (두류 및 제품)	0.3
蔬菜 야채	0.1
水果 과일	0.05
禽畜肉类 가축육류	0.5
肾 신장	3.0
鱼类 어류	1.0
蛋类 란류	0.5
鮮乳 신선우유	0.03
乳粉 분유	0.15

4.7.2檢驗方法: ₹ 規定的方法測定。

4.8 氟 引

4.8.1食品中氟限量指標見表

表 食品中氟限量指標

食品	限量(ML,mg/kg)
粮食 양식	
大米쌀、面粉밀가루	1.0
其它 기타	1.5
豆类 두류	1.0
蔬菜 야채	1.0
水果 과일	0.5
肉类 육류	2.0
鱼类 (淡水) 어류(담수)	2.0
蛋类 란류	1.0

4.8.2檢驗方法: ₹ 規定的方法測定。

4.9苯并 芘 benzopyren)

表 食品中苯并 芘限量指標

食品	限量(MLs,mg/kg)
熏烤肉 훈제구이육류	5
植物油 식물유	10
粮食 양식	5

4.9.2檢驗方法: ₹ 規定的方法測定。

4.10 N-亞硝胺 Vitrosamine)

4.10.1食品中 亞硝胺的限量指標見表)

表 食品中 亞硝胺的限量指標

食品	限量 (MLs), mg/kg	
	N-二甲基亚硝胺	N-二乙基亚硝胺
	N-dimethyl Nitrosamine	N-diethyl Nitrosamine
海产品 해산품	4	7
肉制品 육제품	3	5
啤酒 맥주 (mg/L)	3	-

4.10.2檢驗方法: 表 規定的方法測定。

4.11 多氯聯苯 °CB)

4.11.1海産食品中多氯聯苯限量指標見表 1

表 海産食品中多氯聯苯限量指標

食品	限量(MLs),mg/kg		
, ДШ	多氯联苯 ^{a)}	PCB138	PCB153
海产鱼、贝、虾以及藻类			
食品 (可食部分) 해산 어	2.0	0.5	0.5
류, 패류, 새우 및 조류식	2.0	0.5	0.5
품(가식부분)			

a) 以PCB 28, PCB52, PCB101, PCB118, PCB138, PCB153和PCB 180总和计。

4.11.2檢驗方法: ₹ 規定的方法測定。

4.12.2檢驗方法: 表 規定的方法測定。

4.13 稀土)

4.13.1植物性食品中稀土限量指標見表 3

表 植物性食品中稀土限量指標

食品	限量a (MLs),mg/kg
粮食 양식 稻谷벼、玉米옥수수、小麦 소맥	2.0
蔬菜(菠菜除外) 야채(시금치제외)	0.7
水果 과일	0.7
花生仁 땅콩	0.5
马铃薯 감자	0.5
绿豆 녹두	1.0
茶叶 차잎	2.0
a: 以稀土氧化物总量计。 희토류 화합	
물의 총량으로 계산	

4.13.2檢驗方法: ₹ 規定的方法測定。

附 彔 A (資料性附彔

標准其它起草單位、起草人

序号	污染物	起草单位	起草人
	铅	上海市疾病预防控制中心、中国疾病预防控制中	吴其乐、王淮洲、顾
1		心营养与食品安全所、浙江省医学科学院	伟勤、胡欣、苏雁
		上海市疾病预防控制中心、中国疾病预防控制中	吴其乐、韩驰、杨慧
2	铬	心营养与食品安全所、中国疾病预防控制中心营	芬、王淮洲、顾伟
		养与食品安全所、华西医科大学	勤、田水碧
	汞	中国疾病预防控制中心营养与食品安全所、上海	
3		市疾病预防控制中心、江苏省卫生防疫站、广东	杨慧芬、沈文、邹宗
		省疾病预防控制中心	富、金传玉、梁春穗
		中国疾病预防控制中心营养与食品安全所、华西	
		医科大学、山东省卫生防疫站、河北省卫生防疫	
		站	杨慧芬、王淮洲、田
			水碧、陆冰贞、邢俊
4	砷	无机砷:中国疾病预防控制中心营养与食品安全	娥、梁春穗、仓公
		所、广东省卫生防疫站、江苏省疾病预防控制中	
		心、安徽省卫牛防疫站、吉林省卫牛防疫站、浙	
		江宁波市卫生防疫站、湖北省十堰市卫生防疫	44 pp (
		站、辽宁省卫生监督所	
		青岛医学院、中国疾病预防控制中心营养与食品	李珏声、张秀珍、王
5	铬	安全所、中国疾病预防控制中心营养与食品安全	淮洲、高俊全、张欣
	и	所	棉
		中国疾病预防控制中心营养与食品安全所、上海	
	铝	市疾病预防控制中心、广东省疾病预防控制中	苏德昭、王林、王永
6		心、湖南省疾病预防控制中心、华西医科大学、	芳、王绪卿、杨惠
		成都市卫生防疫站、天津市公共卫生监督所。	芬、赵丹宇、王治。
7	T.II.		王淮洲、杨光圻、韩
7	西西	中国疾病预防控制中心营养与食品安全所	驰
8	氟	中国疾病预防控制中心营养与食品安全所	王淮洲
	苯并 (a) 芘	广西壮族自治区卫生防疫站、中国疾病预防控制	沙田 丁米川
9		中心营养与食品安全所	池风、王淮洲
10	N-亚硝胺	中国疾病预防控制中心营养与食品安全所、北京	高俊全、宋圃菊、王
		医科大学公共卫生学院、福建省卫生防疫站	淮洲、林升清、蔡一
		区们八寸厶六工工士师、嗰廷目工工例反均	新
11	多氯联苯	中国疾病预防控制中心营养与食品安全所	吴永宁
12	亚硝酸盐	中国疾病预防控制中心营养与食品安全所、河南	杨慧芬、王淮洲、张

		省疾病预防控制中心、吉林省卫生防疫站、	黑龙	秀珍、王金凤、罗雁
		江省疾病预防控制中心、青岛医学院		$\neg \mathcal{K}$
		中国疾病预防控制中心营养与食品安全所、	辽宁	艾海切 羽头层 白
13	稀土	省疾病预防控制中心、湖南省卫生防疫站、	上海	苏德昭、翟永信、向 良迪、沈文、孙秀钦
		市疾病预防控制中心、福州市卫生防疫站		民吧、仇义、孙芳圦

10. 기타 국가들

【브라질】

http://www.cfsan.fda.gov/~frf/iuregb94.html

Regulations for mycotoxins in Brazil (MERCOSUL/GMC/RES. NO. 56/94)

Technical Regulations on Maximum Levels of Aflatoxins:

Food	Aflatoxins	Level
1. Milk	_	_
1.1. Fluid Milk	M1	0.5 ug/l
1.2. Powdered Milk	M1	5.0 ug/l
2. Corn	_	_
2.1 Corn as grain	B1+B2+G1+G2	20 ug/kg
2.2 Corn meal	B1+B2+G1+G2	20 ug/kg
3. Peanuts	_	_
3.1 Peanuts	B1+B2+G1+G2	20 ug/kg
		(in shell, shelled, raw or toasted)
3.2 Peanut Butter	B1+B2+G1+G2	20 ug/kg

Reference:

- 3. Sampling plans for aflatoxin analysis in peanuts and corn. "FAO Food and Nutrition Paper" 55, 1993.
- 4. Association of Official Analytical Chemists 1990. "Official Methods of Analysis of the Association of Official Analytical Chemists", 15th Edition.
- 5. N.orma FIL-IDF 50 B. 1985. "Metodos de muestreo para leche y productos lacteos".
- 6. N.orma ISP 950: 1979. "Cereal Sampling (as grain)". Walking A. E., Sampling and Preparation of Samples of Peanut Butter for Aflatoxin Analysis. J. Assoc. Off. Anal. Chem. 1980, 63, 103-108.